

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

VOL. XII. NO. 247.

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JULY 18th, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

OXFORD SALE

Before making general reduction of Oxford Stock, We offer for Two Weeks Beginning

TUESDAY, JULY 21

All the Odds and Ends of the Stock.

Ladies' Oxfords 200 Pairs — 68c. '98c., \$1.25
Men's " 100 " — 98c., \$1.25 \$1.58
Boy's " 25 " — 98c.
Children's " 25 " — 48c.

MANY FIRST-CLASS PAIRS IN THESE LOTS.

These will be on tables for your inspection but must be tried on at the store—No goods on Approval—Bring the Pocket Book.

ECKERT'S STORE, "ON THE SQUARE"

PHOTOPLAY

HE BETTER WAY TWO REEL SELIG
RONCHO BILLY'S SERMON ESSANAY WESTERN
With G. M. ANDERSON.

Show Starts 6:30 Admission 5 Cents

WALTER'S THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

6 REELS 6 REELS
HE REFRIGERATOR CAR'S CAPTIVE. KALEM
In two parts, featuring MISS HELEN HOLMES.
WEEK END AT HAPPYHURST. EDISON COMEDY
With DAN MASON and JESSIE STEVENS.
HE PIRATES OF PEACOCK ALLEY. SELIG DRAMA
A pathway to despair.
HE TROUBLES OF AN ACTOR. LUBIN
A child saves the situation.
HE SECOND WIFE. SELIG DRAMA
Show Starts 6:30 Admission 5 Cents

Ladies' Hand Bags

At Half-Price

Our annual CLEAN OUT SALE of Leather Goods is now on. Leather Hand Bags from

33 cents to \$12.00

Look them over soon. The best are going fast. ALL NEW AND STYLISH.

PEOPLES' DRUG STORE

J. D. LIPPY, TAILOR

Careful analysis of individual requirements is the basis of our exclusive tailoring service. Fabrics in accord with the latest mandates of fashion.

SUITS \$16.00 UP

J. D. LIPPY, TAILOR

.... LIGHTNING RODS

To the public: Any one wanting new rods of almost any make—cable or copper twisted—or wanting old lightning rods repaired at reasonable price should call on either phone.

H. E. RIDDLEMOSER

McKeesport, Pa.

SECRETARY BRYAN AT CHAUTAUQUA

Great Commoner Visits Gettysburg and Addresses Audience which Fills the Chautauqua Tent. Lecture Largely to Young Men.

William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of State, visited Gettysburg to-day and for an hour lectured at the Gettysburg Chautauqua as the greatest single attraction ever provided for the town's annual summer event. The big tent was filled comfortably, the audience being slightly larger than those which gathered for the regular sessions.

Mr. Bryan arrived here shortly before ten o'clock over the Western Maryland from Waynesboro where he made an address Friday night. He was accompanied by a secretary and was met at the station by members of the Gettysburg Chautauqua Committee, Prof. Charles F. Sanders, Wm. Arch McClean, E. P. Miller, Dr. W. A. Granville, C. B. Dougherty and J. O. G. Weaver. The trip to the tent was made in the automobiles of Prof. Sanders and Mr. McClean.

The appearance of Mr. Bryan within the canvas enclosure was the immediate signal for a demonstration, hand clapping and the Chautauqua salute greeting the Commoner. Accompanied by the committee he came on the stage while the entire audience rose. Again hundreds of handkerchiefs were waved in salute and another similar greeting was accorded when he began his address.

The Secretary of State was introduced by Prof. Sanders who spoke of him as one of the three really great orators which the American nation had produced, naming Daniel Webster and Henry Clay as the others.

Mr. Bryan's appearance on the stage was that of the Chautauqua lecturer rather than that of the head of the most important department in the nation's government. He wore a dark sack suit, his ever-present white bow tie, and carried in one hand a large palm leaf fan which he used at intervals.

In opening his talk Mr. Bryan alluded to the arduous character of his duties at Washington. He said:

"I have had my hands full with all sorts of business connected with my office and have had my time occupied largely trying to keep peace with other countries. It has been a pretty hard job but I am glad to say that things are in better condition now than they have been at any time in the past four months. I believe that the dove of peace is now more safe than it has been in the last year and a half. I am certainly glad that I am privileged to occupy the high office I now hold under a president who believes in peace so long as peace can be had with honor."

General applause followed this and then Mr. Bryan began his lecture. Announcement had been made that his subject would be "The Prince of Peace", one of the addresses which has helped to make him famous as a platform orator.

"I have not delivered that lecture for four years," he said. "Conditions changed so rapidly and I added so many things from time to time that the address changed in its general character. I have, however, in the lecture I will give this morning, retained all the principal features of that former address, inserting other things with the particular idea in mind of reaching young men. That is my great object in view. I hope those of you who are not young men will not be disappointed. I don't believe you will, for we are all interested in the young man of to-day and his development. My subject is 'The Making of a Man'."

"I shall endeavor to give you the plans and specifications for the proper development of the young man of to-day. I believe we are spending too much time perfecting things with which man deals and too little time in perfecting man himself. We build great corporations, we develop fine types of live stock, we spend time and money to bring to a great degree of perfection other forms of material development yet neglect God's greatest creation. A good man is little lower than the angels; a bad man, little better than the brutes."

Mr. Bryan then went on to urge the proper physical and mental development of the young men of to-day and closed with a plea for his proper moral development, claiming this as an impossibility without religious training.

Upon the conclusion of his address

an opportunity was given the large audience to shake hands with the speaker and almost all did so, an informal reception closing the morning's session of the Chautauqua.

Mr. Bryan took luncheon at Hotel Gettysburg with the following local Democrats, Wm. Arch McClean, C. B. Dougherty, Charles S. Duncan, S. S. Neely, Edward A. Weaver, Dr. H. M. Hartman and Hon. W. T. Ziegler, of Gettysburg and J. U. Neely, of Fairfield. He left soon after twelve o'clock with a committee of Shippensburg citizens for that town where he was due to speak at the Chautauqua this afternoon. Their plans provided for a stop at Graeffenburg Inn for luncheon, so that the Secretary's welfare was well cared for. He will spend Sunday with a friend at Charmian.

Friday's Chautauqua

Large audiences which practically filled the big tent enjoyed two first class programs at the Chautauqua on Friday afternoon and evening. All of the attractions were of a high grade, the lecture of Dr. Paul M. Pearson, president of the Chautauqua and Mrs. Gregory's series talk furnishing the educational features of the day while the entertainment was in charge of the Russian Imperial Quartet and Ross Crane, cartoonist and clay modeler.

Dr. Pearson appeared here last year with his lecture on "The Joy of Living", by which he is best known. This year he pleaded particularly for the cultivation of the aesthetic nature, emphasizing the necessity of reading good books and good poetry. Fifteen minutes a day was sufficient for the newspaper, thought Dr. Pearson. He has a most pleasing presence and his talk was thoroughly enjoyed.

The large audiences which gathered to hear Mrs. Gregory's talks on the lore of the South is sufficient testimony to their merit and it is safe to say that the series lecture this year is far more attractive than at any time since Chautauqua first made its appearance in Gettysburg.

The entertainment by the Russians was not so novel as might have been expected. Only the appearance of the performers indicated their foreign birth, most of their songs being in English and, with but few exceptions, their instrumental selections being those of well known composers. They received a great ovation in their last number of the evening when they referred to the wave of American ragtime which has swept Europe and played as their concluding number "I'm Goin' to Go while the Goin' is Good".

Ross Crane is an expert in his line. His crayon work was the best ever seen in Gettysburg and those who remember him, when he appeared in Brum Chapel several years ago, were quick to see a noticeable improvement since that time, and he was exceptionally good then. Mr. Crane's running talk added not a little to the character of the entertainment which concluded with the clay modeling, his final work being a sudden transformation from the character of Uncle Sam to a splendid cast of Abraham Lincoln, showing the two to have practically the same general features.

This evening: 7:30, the Strollers; 8:00, the College Players in Twelfth Night; 9:30, motion pictures.

Sunday at Chautauqua

Sunday morning at 9:15 the Sunday schools of the St. James Lutheran and Reformed churches will have their sessions in the Chautauqua tent and at 10:30 there will be church service in the tent under the direction of St. James Lutheran congregation. Rev. Joseph B. Baker will preach the sermon and a number of other churches will take part in the service. The College Lutheran congregation will not unite in this service but will hold the usual morning worship in their own church.

St. James Christian Endeavor Society will hold their service in the tent at 6:15 p. m.

At half past seven o'clock the Strollers Quartet will give a half hour sacred concert. At eight o'clock the evening service will begin. A choir composed of members from the various churches of town will have charge of the music and the sermon will be preached by Dr. William T. Ellis, of Philadelphia. Admission will be free at all Sunday services.

Chautauqua Notes

The local Chautauqua board gets no financial benefit from Mr. Bryan's visit to Gettysburg, other than his coming being an incentive to persons to buy course tickets. All the money for single admissions to the lecture passes directly to the General Chautauqua Association, Mr. Bryan reaping the benefit.

County people attended the Bryan lecture in much larger proportion than the Gettysburg Chautauquans, many of the towns sending good delegations.

DIES SUDDENLY IN BATH ROOM

T. Walter Eiker, Brother of John V. Eiker, of Gettysburg Found Dead. Mrs. Smith, of Center Mills, Dies in Hospital.

T. WALTER EIKER

T. Walter Eiker, 53 years old, a brother of John V. Eiker, of Gettysburg, died suddenly of heart trouble Friday evening at 7 o'clock, while in the bath room taking a bath at his home in York.

Although Mr. Eiker had been ill for some time and was not able to attend to his duties as foreman at the Martin Carriage works, where he was employed for the past twenty years, his death was not expected at this time. He was a bachelor and resided with his mother, Mrs. Louise A. Eiker.

Surviving him are his mother, one sister, Mrs. Ella M. Boyd, of York, and one brother, John V. Eiker, of Gettysburg.

The body will be brought to Gettysburg for burial.

WARREN W. WATTLES

Warren W. Wattles, formerly a resident of Gettysburg, died at his home in Pittsburgh at noon on Friday after a year's illness of Bright's disease.

Mr. Wattles was a native of this place, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Wattles and was the last of three sons, all of whose initials were "W. W. W." The other two brothers died within the past few years, William W. Wattles and Wesley W. Wattles. He was formerly engaged in the jewelry business in Pittsburgh but for some years had been living retired.

He leaves his wife, two sons and a daughter, Warren Wattles, of Pittsburgh; Gordon Wattles of Erie and Mrs. Spahr, of Pittsburgh. He also leaves three sisters, Mrs. D. M. Moser, of Gettysburg; Mrs. Jacob Fry, of Mount Airy; and Mrs. D. A. Kuhn, of North Manchester, Indiana.

MRS. C. E. SMITH

Mrs. Elizabeth Staley Smith, wife of Dr. C. E. Smith, of Center Mills, died this morning at Carlisle following an operation for the removal of a tumor which took place there on Tuesday. Mrs. Smith had been a patient at the Carlisle Hospital for a little more than a week.

She was about 60 years old and leaves her husband and one daughter, Miss Mazie Smith, at home. One sister also survives, Mrs. William Meals, of Carlisle.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

REAL ESTATE DEALS

East Berlin Railway Sold. One Town Property is Withdrawn.

The property, effects and franchise of the East Berlin Railway Company were sold this afternoon by the receiver, William D. Himes, to William G. Leas at \$10,500. The sale was conducted in front of the Court House.

The Cobean property at the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets was offered at public sale this afternoon by George C. Cobean, for the heirs. It was withdrawn at a bid of \$6200.

The property of the late Mrs. George Lightner, on Baltimore street, was sold at public sale this afternoon to John Mumper, of this place, at a bid of \$3020.

At a bid of \$6100 the Sunday House at East Berlin was withdrawn on Friday afternoon. An effort will be made to dispose of the place at private sale.

J. Carra Smith, of Mount Joy township has purchased the store business of John W. Black at Barlow and will get possession on April first.

COMING EVENTS

Events Scheduled for Gettysburg during the Coming Weeks.

July 20—Colored excursion from Baltimore.

July 22—Base Ball, Salad Birds. Nixon Field.

July 23—Base Ball, Hanover. Nixon Field.

July 28—Base Ball, Ephrata. Nixon Field.

July 29—Union Sunday School Picnic. Kurtz Playground.

July 30-Aug. 6—Lutheran Summer Assembly. Seminary Buildings.

LOWER'S store at Table Rock will be closed until Tuesday morning.—advertisement

LOST RACE FOR MOTHER'S LIFE

Son was Trying to Beat Trolley Car when it Struck his Mother and Killed her Instantly while he Could do Nothing.

That Dr. Floyd Appleton lost in a race for the life of his mother was brought out at the hearing held by Coroner Deardorff of Cumberland County to investigate the death of Mrs. W. G. Appleton who was killed by a trolley car near Holly Inn, Mount Holly Springs, Thursday afternoon.

The son, who is pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal church in Harrisburg, testified that with his parents he had been at Mt. Holly Park. The rain began falling very heavily. There was only one umbrella, and Mrs. Appleton carried it. The men began running, while the wife and mother walked on the tracks, carrying the umbrella. They reached the porch of Holly Inn and then the son could see his mother coming down the tracks near the curve, and the trolley car coming on behind her. He could hear the motorman blow his whistle and he had grave apprehensions of an accident because he knew his mother was deaf. He started off to meet her, but death won in the race, for the car struck his mother and she was killed almost instantly.

From all accounts the body of the car and not the wheels ran over Mrs. Appleton, for her neck was broken, back broken, ribs broken, one leg was broken in two places, the other was broken at the ankle and was lacerated. Mrs. Appleton was about 67 years of age.

Motorman Meals testified that the car left the park on schedule time, which was about 3:30. The brakes were working properly. When he saw Mrs. Appleton on the track he whistled and pulled the rope so hard that it broke. He threw on the air brakes and reversed the car, but it slid for considerable distance and before it stopped struck Mrs. Appleton. Mr. Meals feels very badly because of the accident and no one regrets it more than he. Conductor Wise testified to seeing the woman struck.

A. Gamble, who was a witness, said that the woman was dead when he arrived, and it is his opinion that she died instantaneously.

The husband also testified, but said he could not tell whether the car was running fast or slow. It is the consensus of opinion that Mrs. Appleton walked the tracks to escape the mud of the road.

The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

There were several other witnesses in addition to those mentioned but their testimony was unimportant. After the inquest the coroner turned over the remains to Undertaker Bliss, of Holly, who prepared them for shipment to New York City.

REFORMEDS LOSE

Leaders in Sunday School League Finally Drop a Game.

With their best line-up of the season on the field the Presbyterians had the satisfaction Friday evening of defeating the Reformed nine, a distinction which no other aggregation has been able to acquire during this year's Sunday School series. Bringman, who has been pitching gilt edge ball for the leaders, was no mystery whatever and the rapidly rising Presbyterians got to him in great shape, putting over three runs in the third and four in the fourth. Cullison, a new pitcher for the Presbyterians, was the surprise of the evening, holding his opponents to three hits and pitching winning ball throughout.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Reformed	5	1	.833
St. James	4	3	.571
Presbyterian	4	4	.500
Catholic	2	3	.400
Coll-Meth	1	5	.167

GET OLD BILL

County Asked to Pay Bill to State of Four Years' Standing.

The county commissioners have received a request from Harrisburg asking that their tax on county bonds for 1910 amounting to \$247 be paid. The accounts of Jacob G. Slonaker, treasurer at that time, show the bill to have been settled.

HOMES wanted for two boys: colored boy, 13 years old; white baby boy, 3 months old. Apply to the Steward, Adams County Alms House.—advertisement

MASON AND DIXON LINE ARGUMENT

President Wilson's Argument for Lincoln Highway Change Brings out Comment. Just what is Left of Old Line Asks Paper.

Recently President Wilson recommended a change in the route of the Lincoln Highway so that it should go from Gettysburg to Philadelphia by way of Washington instead of by York and Lancaster. This has stirred editorial comment in many sections of the country, one of the most interesting expressions being that of the Oakland, California, Tribune, which says:

President Wilson, in a letter to President H. B. Joy of the Lincoln Highway Association urges the abolishment of the "imaginary Mason and Dixon's Line", that famous survey between Pennsylvania on the north and Maryland, Delaware and what is now West Virginia on the south, famous for a long time as the limit between the free and slave states. Oh, what's the use?

Slavery has been abolished for so long a time that, when one of the former chattel servants of the old South dies, the newspapers play the story on the front page; the states below this old survey made in 1765-67 and the states above that have clasped hands in brotherhood for so many years the Civil War is but a memory; the division is no longer between states that were slaves and states that were free, but merely separates, as Bob Taylor of Tennessee said, the land of cold bread from the realm of hot biscuits. More, it marks the limit of the harsh Overholt of Pittsburgh from the "peach and honey" of Virginia, the crisscrossed of the Keystone State from the cream gravy they pour on the broiler in Maryland, the "Jonny cake" of the north from the corn pone baked in the ashes in the land where the magnolia blossoms in its alabaster radiance, the fried turn-over from the flaky pie made of the Albermarle Pippin and many other good things.

There is no more political significance in Mason and Dixon's line today than there is in the east and west side of Broadway; all is stable for a variety in diet, and for the sake of all the good cooks that have lived and made life pleasant and have died and gone to Heaven, let us have one place where we can say: "Here's where the good eatin' begins: here's where we will find the oyster in his glory and the canvas-back duck in his magnificence; here is where the terrapin is coming into his own once more; here is where the essence of the peace is mingled with the result of the labor of the bees; there is the joy unspeakable, the life worth living. Abolish Mason and Dixon's line? Perish the thought with the man who think it!"

OBJECT TO SALOON

Remonstrance Filed to Emmitsburg License. Woman Signs Application.

Trustees of the Emmitsburg school and W. D. Colliflower, of Emmitsburg, through their attorney, Reno S. Harp, have filed a remonstrance against the granting of a license to Francis E. Krietz, who seeks to conduct a saloon in Emmitsburg, and who has filed his application for a saloon license.

Those making the remonstrance charge that the place where the proposed saloon is to be located is within 60 feet of a school, in a building owned by the Emerald Beneficial Association, Incorporated. It is also charged that his signers do not meet the requirements of the law, so far as their residences from the place of the proposed saloon are concerned. The signers of the application for the saloon license include Isabelle Baker.

MARINES HERE

Twenty Young Officers here for Annual Tour of Study.

Twenty young officers from the Marine Barracks at Norfolk, Virginia, arrived here this morning to spend five weeks under the direction of older Marine officers. All will be quartered in the College buildings.

OXFORD sale: next Tuesday. Read the advertisement. Eckert's.—advertisement

SUITABLE reward for return of gold bracelet, with name of Frances Turner, on outside, to 328 Baltimore street.—advertisement

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,
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PHILIP R. BIKLE,
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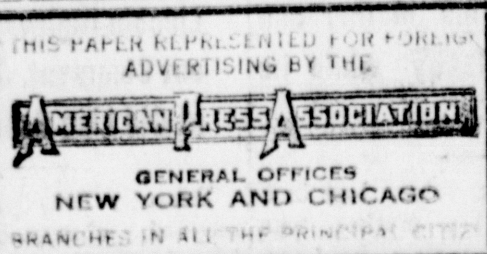
PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

Repair parts for Mowers Here

We have in stock knife sections for all the generally used mowers as well as other repair parts. If you have broken your mower or binder knife there is no need to wait until a part can be sent to you—come to our store and get it from stock.

NEW LOT OF DRIVING LAMPS

Both Oil and Acetylene. In three finishes—
Brass, Nickel and Gunmetal.

Adams County Hardware Co.

If You Are Away For a Few Days or a Month

HAVE the TIMES sent to you and don't miss the home news.

We will change your address as willingly for one day as for a year.

It is no trouble and we are glad to do it.

BELL TELEPHONE - - - 6 M.
UNITED TELEPHONE - - - 91 W.

CENTER MILLS

—Come to—

M. L. SLAYBAUGH'S

For a fine line of Groceries, Hardware and Dry Goods.

While you visit the store have your Horse's Shoes attended to at the Blacksmith Shop.

M. L. SLAYBAUGH

...FOR SALE...

For your early apples and pears get the bushel hamper basket. A CARLOAD JUST RECEIVED. Also barrels and peach baskets.

CALL OR PHONE

U. S. Klinefelter,
Biglerville, Pa.

WILSON TRUST BILLS PLAYED

Senator Fears Worst if Business is Dishonest.

HE CALLS ACTION UNJUST

Works Declares If Trade is Oppressive Enough to Justify Such Legislation Conditions Are Hopeless.

Washington, July 18.—Senator Works, of California, Republican, played the administration's anti-trust program on the floor of the senate. He declared it filled him with amazement.

"If the business of the country is dishonest enough and oppressive enough to justify such legislation as is proposed by the three bills, our condition would seem to be hopeless and to remedy conditions by law impossible," said he.

"To attempt it would work no practical good and add to the burdens of the people who deal with the business concerns sought to be regulated. Such legislation as this is more than likely to be as futile as it is unjust."

Senator Works also attacked the exemptions in favor of labor organizations.

The senate committee made some progress on the Clayton bill, the measure to regulate securities of common carriers and the trade commission bill.

While the interstate trade commission bill was under discussion again in the senate, the interstate commerce committee had it under advisement and practically agreed to amend the section which would make unlawful "unfair competition."

Much criticism, even within the party, has been made of the vagueness of this section, the claim being advanced that it is too general in its terms and that it would result in endless court action for interpretation.

The amendment proposed, and according to Senator Newlands, chairman, practically agreed upon in committee, would authorize the proposed trade commission to determine what constitutes "unfair competition" and to order it stopped when determined in each case there would be a full court review as to the facts and the law.

The question whether the interstate commerce commission should be empowered to determine to what use the funds realized by carriers from issues of securities had been used still is undetermined. It will be several days before the bill can be reported.

The judiciary committee in its consideration of the Clayton bill decided that the section of the measure relating to holding companies, which has been tempered by the committee several days ago, should be made much stronger, but it has not been able as yet to amend the section to its satisfaction.

U. S. TO MEDIATE IN STRIKE

Board Will Go to Chicago and Start Effort to Avert Railroad Crippling.
Washington, July 18.—The United States board of mediation and conciliation will begin the work of trying to settle differences between the ninety-eight western railroads and their employees and firemen on Monday morning. It was announced here by the board.

Judge Martin A. Knapp, Judge William L. Chambers and Dr. G. W. W. Hanger, composing the board, said they will leave Washington in time to arrive in Chicago on Sunday to they can begin their efforts of trying to prevent the strike promptly on Monday.

The decision of the board to take a hand was made after receipt of a communication from A. W. Trenholm, chairman of the conference committee of managers of the roads, who formally requested that the federal government take immediate steps to forestall the strike threatened by 55,000 employees.

SIX KILLED IN TRAIN CRASH

Nineteen Others Injured When Excursion and Coal Trains Collide.
Norfolk, Va., July 18.—Six persons were killed and nineteen were injured in a collision between an electric train and a coal train on the Virginia railroad at Fairmont Crossing, three miles from Norfolk.

Two of the dead are women, the other four are men.
The first car of the electric train which was constructed of wood, was crumpled up, the wrecked frame turning over on the side. There were more than a hundred men and women in this coach, all of whom were pinned beneath the wreckage.

"Lord Fountleroy" to Marry.
New York, July 18.—The engagement has been announced here of Miss Constance Buel to Vivian Fountleroy, the original of "Little Lord Fountleroy," one of the many books written by his mother, Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett.

Hit by Train: Killed.
Trenton, N. J., July 18.—James B. Maylan, of Jersey City, was found dead on the pilot of an engine pulling an express train into this city.

Distribution.

The longer I live the more I am persuaded that the gifts of Providence are more equally distributed than we

MILES POINDEXTER.

Washington Senator Favors Anti-trust Laws.



Photo by American Press Association.

FIND UNKNOWN MAN KILLED FISHER BOY

Coroner's Jury Fails to Hold Man Who Confessed Murder.

Mount Holly, N. J., July 18.—Intense surprise was caused when the jury at the inquest in the death of Herman Fisher found that he was killed by a "person or persons unknown."

Edgar Murphy has confessed to the crime, though it has been declared that this confession was gained by third degree methods, and he is now confined in the Mount Holly jail.

The inquest was conducted by Coroner Bisbing at Mount Holly, in the court house. The jury was charged after several witnesses had been heard, and the verdict was announced. Murphy's attorney said he would make an effort to have Edgar Murphy released.

Herman Fisher, the seventeen-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Fisher, of Taylor Station, N. J., two miles from Riverton, was shot from ambush a week ago. Murphy, who is twenty-seven years old, was arrested on Tuesday, and on Tuesday night the authorities announced that he had confessed.

The verdict of the coroner's jury ran thus: "Herman Fisher came to his death by gunshot wounds received at the hands of a person or persons unknown to us, but one witness has testified that Edgar Smith confessed the crime." The "one witness" was Sheriff Jordan.

Coroner Bisbing was angry at the verdict, which he declared was not in accordance with the evidence.

MRS. CARMAN RELEASED

Doctor's Wife Held In \$20,000 Bail For Manslaughter.
Mineola, N. Y., July 18.—Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman was arraigned in the supreme court before Justice Van Sicken on an indictment returned by the grand jury, charging her with manslaughter in the first degree for having caused the death of Mrs. Louise Bailey, a patient of the defendant's husband, on the evening of June 30.

Mrs. Carman pleaded not guilty and was given two weeks in which to change her plea or demur to the indictment.

Counsel for Mrs. Carman suggested that she be liberated under \$20,000 bail, and to this District Attorney Smith agreed.

The bail was furnished by Emmett Randall and Smith Cox, close friends of the Carmans, whereupon Mrs. Carman was set free. Heavily veiled, she stepped into a limousine with her husband and started for her home at Freeport.

Masked Men Lynch Prisoner.

Baker, Ore., July 18.—An unidentified man, who had attacked the eight-year-old daughter of a farmer living in a sparsely settled part of the county was taken from his captors, a party of ranchers, by twelve masked men and lynched.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Albany.....	74	Cloudy.
Atlantic City..	74	Cloudy.
Boston.....	76	P. Cloudy.
Buffalo.....	74	Clear.
Chicago.....	59	Clear.
New Orleans...	86	Cloudy.
New York.....	81	Cloudy.
Philadelphia...	84	Clear.
St. Louis.....	84	Clear.
Washington....	80	P. Cloudy.

The Weather.

Partly cloudy today; fair tomorrow; west winds.

are apt to think. Among the poor, little is enjoyed so much, and among the rich so much is enjoyed so little.—Margaret Bottoms.

NEW HAVEN SUED FOR \$306,000,000

Minority Stockholders Ask For Receiver or Master.

THE DIRECTORS ARE NAMED

The Suit is Designed to Enforce Restitution From Those Responsible For Misuse of Funds.

Boston, July 18.—The appointment of a receiver, special master or other official to prosecute claims aggregating \$306,000,000 against directors and estates of directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, is asked in a suit filed in the supreme court here.

The action is brought by Whipple, Sears & Ogden, representing minority stockholders of the company.

The suit, in which the attorneys recently demanded that the directors be named, is designed to force restitution from those responsible, of funds alleged to have been illegally expended in building up the New Haven system.

Judge Brady issued an order of notice, returnable on Friday of next week, to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed and why an injunction against the disposition of the defendants' stocks should not be issued.

The defendants, who include various New Haven directors since 1903 and estates of deceased directors, are: William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard, H. McK. Twombly, George McC. Miller, George J. Brush, James S. Hemingway, A. H. Robertson, Frederick F. Brewster, Charles F. Brooks, D. Newton Barney, James H. Elton, Henry K. McHarg, Robert W. Taft, William Skinner, Charles S. Mellen, Alexander Cochran, J. P. Morgan estate, Edwin Milner estate, E. DeV. Warner estate, Amory A. Lawrence estate.

In addition the plaintiffs name John L. Billard, George F. Baker, T. De Witt Cuyler, of Philadelphia; Edward Milligan, F. T. Maxwell, Theodore N. Vail, S. W. Winslow, Laurence Minel Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania railroad; Morton F. Plant, De Ver H. Warner, John T. Pratt, Howard Elliott, James L. Richards, W. H. Crane, A. T. Hadley and J. H. Hustis as having been directors since 1909 but as to whether their failure to cause the road to institute a restitution suit has made them liable on account of negligence and violation of fiduciary duty, the plaintiffs state that they are not advised and make no specific averment.

The litigation is in the form of an equity action entered by the attorneys as trustees under the will of Ole Bull Vaughn, the violinist. They own fifty shares of New Haven stock and bring the action "in behalf of themselves and all other stockholders of said corporation who may become parties."

The bill of complaint declares that the directors, chiefly through causing the New Haven to acquire illegally its Boston & Maine, trolley and steamship properties, are bound to pay to the New Haven \$162,000,000 "withdrawn therefrom wrongfully and for ultra vires and illegal purposes."

It is alleged that the losses resulting from these acquisitions approximate \$102,000,000, and that under the federal anti-trust act the New Haven is entitled to recover from the defendants three-fold that sum—or \$306,000,000.

150,000 LESS CATTLE

Decrease is Attributed to Drought in Southwest Last Summer.

Kansas City, Mo., July 18.—Thus far this year 150,000 fewer cattle have been marketed in Kansas City than in the same period in 1913, the receipts being the smallest of any similar period in twenty years.

The decrease is attributed to the drought in the southwest last summer. Prices are the highest ever known for this month. Another crop of prime corn-fed beefs cannot be made, they say, until the corn crop of 1914 is available.

If August prices for corn fed steers are as much higher than the July level as they were in 1912, next month will see prime beef bringing \$11 per 100 pounds in Kansas City.

Girl of Fourteen Swims Six Miles.

Tarrytown, N. Y., July 18.—After being in the water four hours, in which time she battled with strong tides of the Hudson river, Dorothy Bauer, fourteen years old, of Hastings, N. Y., climbed up on the rocks at Phillips Manor, having completed the six-mile swim from Nyack to Tarrytown.

Falls 50 Feet and Smiles.

Philadelphia, July 18.—Brushed on a four-story scaffolding like a bug off a window ledge, Eugene Kiker, a carpenter, grinned at fellow workmen when they rushed to pick up his body and remarked that he guessed he was hurt a little.

Man Held on White Slave Charge.

Easton, Pa., July 18.—Clyde Staples of Bangor, was arrested here, charged with violating the Mann white slave act. It is charged that Staples, who is a married man, enticed Mae Moses, wife of Jacob Moses, of Easton, from Phillipsburg, N. J., to Scranton, Pa.

Danger in Hasty Reforms.

Societary wrongs are deeply embedded in law and tradition, and therefore they are not easily righted. So

BASE BALL SCORES

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Washington—Cleveland, 3; Washington, 1. Batteries—Collamore, Bassler; Johnson, Ainsmith.
At Boston—Boston, 8; Detroit, 2. Batteries—Culinas, Carreau; Covaleski, Hall, Stange, Baker.
Other games postponed; rain.
Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
Athletics 46 38 555 Wash. 43 38 531
Detroit 46 38 548 St. Louis 42 39 513
Boston 44 39 536 N. York 31 42 392
Chicago 43 38 531 Cleveland 28 52 346

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries—Pettus, Roche, Wingo, Mayer, Kixey, Doon, Burns.
At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries—Vaughan, Bresnahan; Allen, Miller.
At Cincinnati—Boston, 1; Cincinnati, 0. Batteries—James, Gowdy; Benton, Schneider, Erwin.
At Pittsburgh—New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 1 (21 innings). Batteries—Marquard, Meyers, McLean; Gibson, Coleman.
Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
N. York 45 31 523 Cincinnati 39 41 488
Chicago 44 37 543 Brooklyn 35 39 473
St. Louis 43 40 518 Pittsburgh 34 41 453
Philadelphia 37 39 457 Boston 33 41 426

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 4; Buffalo, 3. Batteries—Suggs, Conley, Jacklitsch; Ford, Anderson, Blair.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 6; Brooklyn, 4. Batteries—Cannitz, Berry, Fineran, Sommers, Owens.
At St. Louis—Indianapolis, 8; St. Louis, 2. Batteries—Falkenberg, Rafter, Crandall, Groom, Keppner, Chapman.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 3; Chicago, 2 (14 innings). Batteries—Packard, Enzenroth, Easterly; Watson, Freenderick, Hendrix, Wilson.
Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
Chicago 46 33 582 Buffalo 39 37 513
Indianapolis 43 34 558 Kan. City 37 45 451
Baltimore 42 37 532 St. Louis 35 46 432
Brooklyn 39 35 527 Pittsburgh 31 45 498

TRI-STATE LEAGUE.
At Reading—Reading, 2; Trenton, 0. Batteries—Horsley, Smith; Boehn, Y. Gie.
At Allentown—Allentown, 9; Harrisburg, 5. Batteries—Chatek, Miller; Topham, Monroe.
At Lancaster—Wilkes-Barre, 7; Lancaster, 6. Batteries—Malloy, Foye; Owens, Lelgate.
Standing of the Clubs.
W. L. P. C.
Harrisburg 39 21 650 Reading 39 31 492
Allentown 38 23 623 Trenton 24 36 406
Wilkes-Barre 37 27 550 Lancaster 17 43 232

FIND RING LOST FIFTY YEARS AGO

Old U. S. S. Constellation Gives Up Gem.

Washington, July 18.—A remarkable story of the recent recovery of a ring lost on board the old U. S. S. Constellation more than fifty years ago was told here by Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

When it was recently announced that the historic sailing ship Constellation was to be overhauled at the Norfolk navy yard, preparatory to participating in the celebration at Baltimore next September of the centenary of the "Star Spangled Banner," Secretary Daniels received a letter from Mrs. Rosa Kenney Winston, of Windsor, S. C., asking that during the overhauling search be made for a ring.

The ring, she wrote, had been lost on board the ship by her father, Dr. Kenney, who served on the old fighting ship during and after the Civil War. Her father had often declared, she said, that the ring could never be recovered unless the ship was overhauled. Dr. Kenney valued it highly because it was a gift of his wife, Mrs. Winston's mother.

Mr. Daniels sent the letter to Norfolk, never dreaming that the ring actually would be found. This week, however, the ring arrived from Norfolk, having been found by the work men from the iron covering plates of the anchor bitts on the gundeck forward. It has been sent to Mrs. Winston.

German Dirigibles Fired On.

Neidenburg, East Prussia, July 18.—The German military Zeppelin dirigible balloon, Z4, was fired upon by Russian troops when it crossed the Russian border near here. The Z4 was upon a military mission at the time and the commander evidently did not realize that he had crossed the frontier. The balloon returned to German soil uninjured.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA—FLOUR weak; winter clear, \$3.85@4.10; city mills, \$4.00@4.10. RYE FLOUR firm; per barrel, \$3.50@3.70. WHEAT quiet; No. 2 red, 93¢@94¢; CORN quiet; No. 2 yellow, 79¢@80¢. OATS quiet; No. 2 white, 45¢@45½¢; lower grades, 43¢@44¢. POTATOES steady, at \$1.50@3.25 per barrel. POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 17¢@18¢; old roosters, 12¢@13¢. DRESSED firm; choice fowls, 20¢; old roosters, 13¢. BUTTER firm; fancy creamery, 30¢@31¢ per lb. EGGS steady; selected, 29¢@31¢; nearby, 26¢; western, 26¢.

LIVE STOCK PRICES.
CHICAGO—HOGS strong; bulk of sales, \$8.85@9.10; light, \$8.75@9.15; mixed, \$8.65@9.15. heavy, \$8.50@9.15; rough, \$8.50@8.65; pigs, \$7.80@9.00.
CATTLE slow; beefs, \$7.70@9.90; steers, \$6.40@8.30; stockers and feeders, \$5.60@8.20; cows and heifers, \$3.90@9.10; calves, \$7.50@11.
SHEEP steady; sheep, \$5.25@6; yearlings, \$5.50@7; lambs, \$6.50@8.00.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar A. Crouse and daughter, have returned to their home on Broadway after a visit of several weeks at Cape May.

H. James Weikert has begun work on the erection of Crawford Warren's double brick dwelling on West Middle street.

Mrs. Samuel Ennis has returned to her home in Newark, N. J., after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Steinour, on Mummasburg street.

Mrs. Harold S. Lewars, of Harrisburg, is spending some time at her home on Seminary Ridge.

Paul G. Shenberger, of York, has returned home after visiting several days in town with friends.

Miss Alma Kittinger, of Fairfield, has returned home after spending several days in town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ohler and daughter, of Hanover street, have returned home after visiting several days in York.

Miss Ruth Rupp, of Washington street, is visiting in Bethlehem.

Mrs. C. Rupledge, of Huntingdon, has returned home after visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Schroder on Baltimore street.

Emanuel Smith, of Carlisle street, exhibited at this office on Friday a head of cabbage weighing two pounds and two ounces, and measuring eighteen inches in diameter.

Thomas W. Moore, Esq. left to-day for his home in Jacksonville, Florida, after a brief visit with friends and relatives in town.

Director Leathers, of the Kurtz playground, is enjoying a vacation of several days at his home at Renovo. Mrs. William Walter left on Friday with her brother, Rev. Fr. Joseph H. Hann, to spend some time at his home in Charles County, Maryland, and also to visit Baltimore and Washington.

Mrs. P. T. Volkman has returned to Philadelphia, after a visit of several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tupper, Baltimore street.

SAVED BOY'S ARM
Physicians Remove Tumor from under Boy's Shoulder.

A large cystic tumor was removed this week from under the left shoulder-blade of Joseph, the ten year old son of Mrs. Margaret McGaughan, of McSherrystown, by Dr. Edward W. Stick, assisted by his father, Dr. Wesley C. Stick both of Hanover.

This case had attracted considerable attention for months as various members of the medical profession had examined the child and pronounced the affection a cancerous tumor. Mrs. McGaughan had been advised to have the child sent to a hospital where it was purposed to amputate the arm and part of the shoulder blade. The mother refused to consent, fearing it would mean death to the boy.

The trouble only developed within a year, having been noticed for the first time last August. It was located at the lower edge, and back under the shoulder-blade. The tumor grew larger and larger, despite medical treatment.

A short time ago, Dr. Edward W. Stick was called by the mother to make an examination, and he pronounced it a cystic tumor, which he stated could be removed while the child remained at home. Arrangements were at once made for the operation and on Thursday about 10 o'clock, the child was placed under an anaesthetic and the doctors removed the tumor which was several inches in circumference.

Notwithstanding the severe ordeal the little fellow is resting comfortably to-day and the operation is apparently a complete success.

Duty of Charitable.

We give most worthily when we assume the worthy use of our gifts. The idle flinging of a coin to an undeserving beggar is not true benevolence; it is a cheap and easy way of buying relief to our own feelings. So to give to any cause which does not wisely and economically expend its receipts is foolish charity. In a word, it is as much a part of a giver's duty to examine financial reports as it is to read appeals for aid.



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ULSTER ARMED WEEKS; 50,000

Silence Attending Celebration of Battle of Boyne Regarded Ominous.

Ulster Means to Fight to Last Man, Woman and Boy

By LORD NORTHCLIFFE.

My many visits to Ireland, including one as recently as the present month, have convinced me that, rather than submit, the Scotch-Irish army of north Ireland will fight to the last man, woman and boy. The next two weeks will, in my belief, settle the question as to whether we are to have civil war between these two factions in Ireland or whether they will compromise the matter between themselves by cutting out the province of Ulster and allowing it to become either a separate state on the American system or remain part of the British parliament.

WITH Ulster practically an armed camp and more than 50,000 men engaged in maneuvers, parades, drills and sham fights, the situation in Ireland for weeks has been one of tragic possibilities. According to the latest advice from Ireland, the volunteer armies for and against home rule are composed about as follows:

ULSTER VOLUNTEERS.	
First line	25,000 to 30,000
Second line	20,000 to 25,000
Third line	15,000 to 20,000
Totals	60,000 to 75,000

NATIONALIST VOLUNTEERS.	
Cornwall	15,000 to 20,000
Leinster	20,000 to 25,000
Munster	15,000 to 20,000
Ulster	10,000 to 15,000
Totals	60,000 to 75,000

NATIONALIST VOLUNTEERS.	
London	15,000 to 20,000
Manchester	10,000 to 15,000
Birmingham	10,000 to 15,000
Edinburgh	10,000 to 15,000
Glasgow	10,000 to 15,000
Liverpool	10,000 to 15,000
Cardiff	10,000 to 15,000
Belfast	10,000 to 15,000
Totals	80,000 to 100,000

Sir Edward Carson Bitter.

It was feared that the two hundred and twenty-fifth celebration of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne would provoke a clash, but the day passed without any untoward event. In Belfast, as throughout the province of Ulster, it was the greatest and most enthusiastic celebration of the 12th of July ever held in the north of Ireland, yet the day passed off quietly, more quietly even than an ordinary Boyne day, although it had been feared and freely predicted that there would be serious trouble on account of the existence of the two volunteer armies and the feeling of the Ulstermen against the home rule measure.

Sir Edward Carson made a speech at Drumboe which was one of the "no surrender" type throughout. "We will go to the bitter end," he declared and continued:

"You ask me to take a forward step. I tell the government that unless they are prepared to leave us alone we will recognize the provisional government and no other one. I am not going to tell the members of the press or any one else what we are going to do, but I say this—that an assemblage representative of the whole of Ulster has given me authority, acting with our other leaders and in any way I like, to assert your authority so as to prevent home rule from being put on the statute book. They have given me that power, and I mean to exercise it."

Credit for the preservation of order must be given to Unionists and Nationalists alike. The self restraint shown by both in such an electrical atmosphere was marvelous, and, while it was a matter of congratulation for men of all parties that the day passed without bloodshed and without even a riot, in that very fact was seen the true seriousness of the situation.

The day of the more or less light hearted fight is over; the days of the shillalaha are over. As one commentator remarked: "The 12th is no longer an excuse for excesses. Armies now march where rabble once rioted."

As may readily be imagined, there was nothing lacking to provoke an outbreak on a huge scale of riots and disorders which on a smaller scale have so often marked the celebrations of the Boyne anniversary.

Great Crowd Near Belfast.

One hundred thousand persons gathered in the fields of Drumboe, five miles outside of Belfast, and 30,000 men marched under a broiling sun and through choking dust behind the carriage in which rode Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader.

From 7 o'clock in the morning all of these men had been assembling with drums and fife and bands in order to

CAMP FOR DRILLING DAILY

"Exclude Ulster or Fight It Out," Says Sir Edward Carson.

leave Carlisle place, the starting point of the parade, by 10 o'clock. Other small columns, composed of country Orange lodges, marched to the meeting place without giving or receiving the slightest provocation for a row.

When the speeches began at Drumboe Sir Edward Carson, who was the fifth speaker of the ten who addressed the crowd, was received with wild enthusiasm as he stood with his hand on an ancient leather bound Bible of the Belfast grand lodge, which was on a velvet cushion before him. Crack, crack, crack went pistol shots on all sides, and it was several minutes before he could speak. Then followed a speech which stirred the passions of his hearers to the depths, but the return of the procession to Belfast and through the streets of the city, with all the bands playing Orange airs and amid cheers was perfectly orderly.

The Nationalists were equally orderly. They obeyed the injunctions uttered by the priests from the pulpits and also by their leaders and remained quietly in their own quarters. Volunteer officers, who were not distinguished by any mark, patrolled the streets carefully, and on the slightest sign of an inclination toward disorderliness of their own men they produced a badge of their rank and became authoritative. They sometimes co-operated with the police, who, save for here and there, were few and far between. There were no armed patrols in the streets.

When the processions and bands had passed it seemed as if Belfast was filled with an extra large Sunday night throng, so quiet were the holiday makers in the streets. It was a triumph of discipline on both sides.

Quiet at Londonderry.

The celebration of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne at Londonderry passed off without any disturbances. The police kept order throughout the day and were ably assisted by the Ulster and Nationalist volunteer pickets, who had evidently received orders to do all in their power to prevent a clash between the Orangemen and the Catholics.

Five thousand Orangemen marched out to Glen Derrin, two miles distant, where the exercises were held, and remained there until about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. On their return they passed the Nationalists' quarter, but there was no fighting. Meanwhile pickets of the Nationalist and Ulster volunteers took care of any drunken men they found on the streets. There were more than 200 policemen on duty. They stopped a motorcar which was about to enter a Nationalist street because it was flying the union jack. The Nationalist volunteer pickets assisted the police in keeping any trouble makers out of the Nationalist quarter.

A crowd of roughs awaited the return of the parade on Waterloo place, where there was a fierce struggle on Boyne day last year. The toughs were looking for trouble, but the police, who were again helped by the Nationalist pickets, kept them back when they made an attempt to break into the procession. A little later the crowd attempted to start a row by firing a few pistol shots in the air, but they were again felled by the constables.

The discipline by the volunteers of both sides was most excellent. The Nationalist volunteers of Londonderry added two automobile loads of rifles to their armament. A steamship coming from America landed the rifles at the entrance of Lough Swilly, in spite of the precautions taken against the landing of arms by the stationing of a flotilla of destroyers in the Lough. The arms were brought into the city in automobiles while the police were occupied in protecting the processions of the Orangemen.

The report stage of the amending bill to the home rule measure has been finished. A few amendments were added to the bill, but they did not include those which Lord Lansdowne, the opposition leader in the Lords, placed in the category of those changes which were vital to the measure.

The most interesting amendment adopted was one providing that Irish county court judges should be appointed by the king.

Premier Asquith announced in the house of commons that the present session of parliament would be closed in the course of the month of August and would reassemble for an early winter session.

Women in Politics.

It is no new thing for deputations of women to interview politicians at Westminster. As early as the reign of Henry V. we find that "one Mistress Stokes, with divers of good account and well appeared," went "openly to the upper house of parliament," and there delivered letters to the archbishop and other lords, all because one of these lords had suffered his lady "to remain unkindly" in prison. In later days, of course, there was that procession of east end matchmakers in 1871, which was dispersed while on its way to Westminster with a petition against Mr. Lowe's proposal to tax matches to the tune of the halfpenny a box.

European history. In a cinerary urn of that age, he has found two or three specimens of each of 58 species of fossil shells, with some of the modern Mediterranean shells for comparison. —Independent.

SEEKS TO PROVE THAT HE'S ALIVE

New Jersey Man Is Legally Declared Dead.

ABSENT SEVENTEEN YEARS.

Survives Wife, Who Married Philadelphian, Believing Him Dead, but Finds Himself Grandfather—No Explanation of Wanderings For Many Years. Sues Mother to Recover Estate.

John H. B. Endress, who estranged himself as father, son and husband and disappeared seventeen years ago, has reappeared only to find his wife and son dead and he himself legally dead in the courts.

His own family extinct, Endress' nearest relative is his mother, and, curiously enough, he is suing her to recover an estate of \$1,000 which he had owned. The mother is Mrs. Georgiana Buzzard. Endress has filed a petition in the orphan's court of Bernardsville, N. J., for the vacation of a decree by Judge Anderson declaring him to be legally dead, his absence having exceeded seven years. Judge Lamorelle has directed Mrs. Buzzard to show cause why the decree should not be set aside.

Endress is forty-nine years old. In 1883, at the age of eighteen, his petition states, he married Anna Clemens of New Jersey. Two years later their only child, a son, who was named Harry C. Endress, was born. They removed to Philadelphia and lived for a time with Mrs. Endress' father at 735 North Seventeenth street.

Husband Vanishes.

Without explanation or hint of his intentions, Endress on Oct. 26, 1891, suddenly left his wife and six-year-old son and vanished. Two days later Mrs. Endress received a letter from him postmarked New York, in which he said he intended to go to Europe. This, however, proved to be a hoax, for the mother received letters from him subsequently from California.

In the five years that followed the wife remained constant in her hope and belief that the man would return. His mother, brother and sister corresponded with him at long intervals and finally induced him to return to Philadelphia.

This he did in 1896, remaining about six weeks at the home of his sister, Mrs. Susanna O'Donnell, 117 South Fifty-ninth street. Then as suddenly as he disappeared the first time Endress again vanished. On Dec. 21, 1897, his mother received a letter from him at St. Louis. That was the last message.

As the years passed his relatives finally came to the conclusion that he had died. The wife's devotion remained unwavering until finally it was conceded by all his friends and relatives that he would never be heard from again. So the wife married Eugene Kramer.

Mrs. Kramer died on March 11, 1911. The son, who was then twenty-six years old, applied, as the only heir at law, to the orphan's court for letters of administration on the estate of his father. Before the application could be acted on death claimed young Endress. This was on Feb. 16, 1913. Then the estate reverted to the mother of the missing man, and she was substituted for her grandson in the petition for letters of administration.

Declared Legally Dead.

An examiner who took testimony reported to the court that Endress' legal death had been established. Upon this report Judge Anderson on Oct. 3, 1913, directed the register of wills to issue letters of administration to the qualified person or persons. The papers, however, were not taken out.

On returning to Philadelphia recently and learning he would have to prove himself alive to the courts Endress placed the case in the hands of a lawyer. Endress is living in Morristown, N. J.

STEEL BACKBONE LATEST.

As Result of Remarkable Surgical Operation Man May Walk.

As the result of a remarkable surgical operation, Frank Harrington, fifty-nine, of Vestal, near Binghamton, will hereafter be known as the man with the steel backbone.

A steel tube, jointed to make it as nearly as possible like the vertebrae of the spinal column, replaces twenty of the vertebrae which were crushed by a fall from a scaffolding.

Harrington, while working on a scaffolding several weeks ago, tripped and fell to the ground, landing on his back, crushing the lower and middle parts of the spinal column. Paralysis followed. He was taken to the hospital, where physicians finally decided upon the remarkable operation.

The surgeons removed the pieces of the twenty crushed vertebrae, then took a careful measurement of the part of the spine removed. They then inserted a steel tube shaped like the spine, with flexible points to correspond with the vertebrae.

Harrington was placed then in a plaster cast. He has improved so much that he is now able to move his legs in the bed, and surgeons believe he will recover and be able to walk as well as ever.

Inconsistent Man.

A man doesn't care what his wife thinks of him when he refuses her money. But he will hand a strange waiter a dollar tip rather than have the strange waiter think he is cheap.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

SERVING STRING BEANS.

STRING beans served with a butter and milk sauce are nice when they are young and succulent, but they become monotonous when sent to the table in this form too often. Owing to their nutritive qualities they make an excellent substitute for meat, especially in the summer, when too much of this is not wholesome.

Boiled butter beans, served with sliced tomatoes and savory balls, are excellent. The balls are made of breadcrumbs, minced parsley, pepper, salt and a grate of lemon. Bind with milk or eggs.

Savory and Nourishing.

String Beans With Sauce.—Take one quart beans, string and cut small; lay in cold water and boil thirty-five or forty minutes, uncovered. Drain and add one cupful hot milk, one teaspoonful butter and one teaspoonful flour rubbed together, seasoning to taste; boil two minutes.

String Bean Salad.—Take small, tender beans of uniform size. String and wash in cold water; then cook in boiling salted water, uncovered and rapidly, for fifteen minutes. When tender turn out into a colander and rinse in cold water. Let dry and put into the ice chest until you are ready to make the salad. Macerate them with French dressing. Arrange a bed of crisp lettuce leaves in the salad bowl and place the beans in the center.

Flavored With Parsley.

String Beans In Parsley Sauce.—Take some beans, string them and place in boiling salted water. Boil for twenty minutes. If the beans are young and fresh they are served in the same manner as green peas, but should they have become a little old the skins should be removed after boiling and the beans placed in some nicely prepared parsley or plain white sauce.

An Odd Combination.

String Beans and Onions.—Take some beans, string them and boil whole in plenty of water, with salt to taste. When done, drain them dry. In the meantime cut one or more onions into thin slices lengthwise. Put them in a frying pan with a lump of butter and keep stirring till they are a golden color. Then add the French beans, with pepper and salt to taste, and toss the whole for ten minutes, adding the least drop of stock and a very little vinegar or lemon juice. Serve hot.

Ania Thompson.

ROYAL FUNERAL A SCANDAL.

Escort Said to Have Smoked in the Presence of the Dead.

Now that the bodies of the murdered Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, repose beneath the castle chapel at Artstetten, a bitter controversy is raging over the manner in which the funeral was conducted.

The newspapers devoted columns to the discussion. Moderate opinion inclines to the belief that the court officials made the ceremonial too painful for the duchess, while the friends of the duchess are indignant at the emphasis laid on her inferior birth.

According to reports published in the leading Vienna papers, the reception of the bodies at Pocharn, across the Danube, was attended by scandalous proceedings. A violent thunderstorm upset the ceremony, and the coffins were hurriedly carried to the waiting room of the station, where they were placed on the stone paved floor and remained there two hours or more.

Meanwhile the volunteer firemen, who were supposed to be assisting the local gendarmes in controlling the arrangements, were drinking beer and eating sausages, while the more important persons strolled about smoking cigars in close proximity to the coffin containing the body of the late heir to the throne.

The torrential rain drove everybody into the waiting room and, says one account, "all the ordinary rules of behavior seemed to have been forgotten, and the scene might be described as resembling the turmoil and noise of a country fair."

Room in the Northwest.

Less than 1,000 miles of wagon road have been made at private and municipal cost in Alaska. Here and there can be found short stretches of railroad, chiefly owned and used by mining concerns. The aggregate private ownership of Alaskan territory is said to be only 1 per cent of the whole. What marvelous change may be expected when public owned railroads shall pierce to every accessible part of this great country, where men may come to settle and build towns and cities! It is claimed the climatic conditions are delightful—cold, but dry and still, in winter, and in summer—a land of new opportunity for thousands of home seekers.

Establishing Public Right-of-Way.

In order to establish a public right-of-way over a new road at Hershman, Surrey, England, a bridal party recently walked through it. In olden times it was customary when making such a claim to carry a dead body through the road.

Air Plants on the Wires.

Telephone troubles in the tropics are largely due to the wires becoming covered with air plants. In Porto Rico the humidity of the atmosphere is so great that the plants continue to grow until they are detached by the linemen.

All Around The Farm

INDUSTRIAL CLUB WORKERS.

New Movement Launched For Oregon Agricultural College.

[Prepared by Oregon Agricultural college.]

One of the most unique meetings that will be held at the Panama-Pacific exposition will be that of the young industrial club workers of the public schools from many states. The movement was launched in Oregon by the Oregon Agricultural college and the state school superintendent of public instruction. In arranging prizes for winners in the industrial projects it was thought best to offer rewards of an educational and cultural value rather than those of merely pecuniary value. This plan naturally led to conferences, state wide contests, short courses in agriculture and trips to county, state and national fairs.

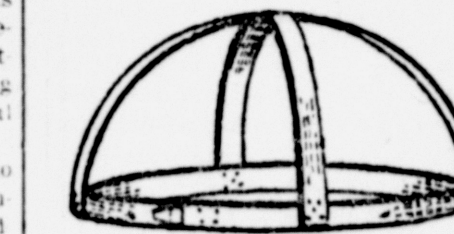
In Oregon plans were made to organize industrial clubs in every school district. In order to provide means by which all children who desire to take industrial work may do so without being forced into some project in which they are not interested, ten projects have been organized and a choice of one or more of these offered to the children. It was also the purpose of the organizers to provide various lines of industry suited to the widely divergent community interests of the state. For ten projects it was recognized at once that there should be a corresponding number of capital awards. After a very thorough investigation those in charge of the projects decided to offer free trips with all expenses paid to the final winners in each project. This scheme was no sooner announced than business men of the state came forward and subscribed the necessary amount of money.

Having ascertained the success of this policy, Superintendent Churchill wrote to state superintendents asking them to send winners in school industrial contests so that all winners in each project from every state as nearly as possible might meet in a juvenile congress at the great western exposition. It is intended that programs will be arranged for the boys and girls of the various states in which they will be given an opportunity to tell of their experiences and methods.

Screen the Melons.

Watch melons and squash for the striped beetle and fight it as soon as it appears. Screens made of barrel hoops covered with cheesecloth afford protection until the plants are strong enough to withstand the ravages of this pest.

Use one barrel hoop for the bottom of the screen and cut another hoop in



HOMEMADE MELON SCREEN.

half, fastening the half pieces to the whole hoop so as to make an arched support for the cheesecloth. Cover the top with cheesecloth and place the screens over the seeds as soon as they are planted or as soon afterward as possible.

Cucumber Blight.

Cucumber blight causes the leaves to become dark and discolored, dying usually from the edges, while the vines remain green. There is no remedy when it shows in the leaf, but the plants can be treated to prevent its spreading to other leaves or other plants. When the plants are a foot in length spray with bordeaux mixture and continue doing so every two or three weeks. Melons should be treated in the same manner.

The larva or grub of the striped cucumber beetle eats away the surface of the roots of cucumbers and melons, causing the plants to wither suddenly. The leaves do not become black and discolored as when troubled with blight, but dry up, remaining green, and the body of the vine also shrivels up. The little yellow and black striped beetles feed upon the seed leaves of the plants as soon as the leaves appear. Spray with one ounce of arsenate of lead to each gallon of water or dust the young plants with a mixture composed of equal parts of tobacco dust, pyrethrum and hellebore and put the powder around the roots.

Irrigation For Muck Lands.

The ideal irrigation system for muck lands is that known as the Skinner system. In most cases the water is forced directly into the pipe system, and any pump that will insure a pressure of forty to sixty pounds per square inch will do the business. It is important, of course, that the openings in the discharging pipes are made true and in such a way that the water will be distributed evenly and regularly. The little nozzles which are devised for the Skinner system are not so very expensive, and they seem to be an essential part of the system, as are also the turning devices and the drill for drilling the openings for the insertion of the tiny nozzles. It is by no means necessary to warm the water to be used for irrigation. Any ordinary spring or well or pond water is good enough, providing it is free from clogging material.—Farm and Fireside.

Concession.

"Is this a first-class restaurant?" asked the haughty individual. "Oh, yes," answered the waiter; "but we will serve you."—Los Angeles Times.

YOU CAN SLEEP LATER

And still breakfast on time by using a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

No fires to kindle—no wood or coal to mess with. Just touch a match to the wick—then you have all the heat you want, when you want it. Lessens the labor in the kitchen and cooks really "to perfection."

1, 2, 3 and 4 burner sizes, and a new stove with Wireless Cooking Oven. All hardware and general stores.

The Atlantic Refining Company
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

RUNK & PECKMAN'S REALTY REPORT

Everyone wants to make money, but few seize the opportunity of their lifetime when it is presented. You probably let the last opportunity pass by—some one else took it, and you have regretted it ever since.

During the last ten years, more wealth has been created through real estate investments in Adams County than all other local investments combined. Business depressions have very little effect upon the prosperity of the farmer, his investment is safe, he is sure of a good living and always has something to sell.

Below we describe a few real estate offerings, selected from our large list. The time of year is now here to buy and we will gladly take you to inspect any of these properties without charge or give you the owners name so that you can go to see it alone.

30 acres—1/2 mile from Gettysburg, brick house 7 rooms, barn and other buildings. A fine suburban home on Biglerville Road. Further particulars upon application.

61 acre farm 2 miles from Brysonia on the main road to Wensville, 22 acres clear, balance in woodland, all best quality of fruit and truck soil. 50 old apple trees, log weatherboarded house, barn and other buildings \$2200.

60 acre farm 1/2 mile from East Berlin, clear and free from stones, fenced into 5 fields, 8 room frame house with hall up and down stairs, bank barn with stone basement, wagon shed, chicken house, hog pen and other buildings, near Dillsburg Road, price only \$2850.

72 acre farm in Franklin township 1 1/2 miles from Seven Stars, 7 room frame house and outkitchen, wash house, bank barn 46 x 50 feet, hog pen with cement floors, wagon shed, implement house and other buildings, all kinds fruit, 150 fruit trees, soil is flinty granite, and is one of the best producing farms we know of—a farm that you can go into debt on and make good right from the start \$4700.

50 acres of vacant land on the Emmitsburg Road and right in the Battlefield, fenced in 2 fields, level land, one of the finest sites for a small farm in the vicinity. Apply for further particulars.

63 acre fruit and general farm between Oxford and Hanover, adjoins limestone land, 10 room stone house, new frame barn, public road, good soil, 22 acres planted in fruit 3 and 4 years old and in a very thriving condition \$1100 on easy terms.

106 acres, 1 1/2 mile from Round Top and adjoins. Government land, 80 acres farm land, granite soil, balance pasture and woodland, 8 room stone house, frame barn, new hog pen and poultry house, a large number of young apple trees. Price only \$20.00 per acre. Land is good quality and produces well. A bargain for someone.

118 acre farm, southwest of Biglerville, 12 acres in oak and hickory timber, 5 acres in pasture, balance clear and in high state of cultivation. Big bank barn in fine condition, hog pen, chicken house, wagon shed, log weatherboarded house. A money making farm. Present owner has made money enough here to retire. A cheap farm at \$6000.

See us about other farms. We are here to please you.

RUNK & PECKMAN

Real Estate Office Masonic Building Gettysburg, Pa.

THE HOTEL FOR WOMEN. MARTHA WASHINGTON

EAST 29TH STREET. Near Madison Ave., Two Blocks front Broadway NEW YORK CITY

A modern high class fireproof hotel, situated in the most desirable residential section in New York, convenient to the leading department stores, theatre, &c.

Here is a hotel where the ladies can come to New York and find excellent accommodations.

\$1.50 per day and up.

It is the only hotel catering to women exclusively. It has every modern improvement. All rooms are very large and the service at this famous hotel is known the World over.

Special rates for long terms.

BOOKLET ON APPLICATION

\$4.50 EXCURSION

To Atlantic City, Ocean City, Corsons Inlet, Sea Isle City, Stone Harbor, Wildwood or Cape May; THURSDAYS, July 2, 16 and 30, August 13 and 27, September 10. Tickets good to return within sixteen days. Stop off allowed at Philadelphia in either direction.

VIA READING RAILWAY

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Sunday Excursion TO BALTIMORE \$1.25

SPEND A GREAT DAY IN THE BIG CITY.

VISIT BAY SHORE, RIVERVIEW, GWYNN OAK

The Beautiful Trolley Parks. Grand Band Concerts. Many Amusements. Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Crabbing. Free Band Concert In City Park.

Leaves Gettysburg 5:40 A. M. Leave Baltimore 9:00 P. M.

13 HOURS IN BALTIMORE TO ENJOY YOURSELF

Antiquity of Geology. Authentic evidence has been found which carries geology back, as a human study, as far as the bronze age. Herr O. Merkel claims that he has discovered that fossils were intelligently collected at that remote period of Eu-

Wallingford In His Prime

By GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER

Copyright, 1913, by the Bobbs-Merrill Co.

SYNOPSIS

J. Rufus Wallingford, skilful manipulator of other people's money for his own benefit, meets Benson Falls, a railroad president, and three equally idle friends.

Wallingford agrees to manage a company to market Benson Falls' patented portable bungalow after Falls drops the idea that his father is soon to open a new road through land once obtained from Wallingford at the latter's great financial loss.

Wallingford instructs his pal, Blackie Daw, to go to an accomplice in a scheme to bleed the four young men through fake orders for the portable house.

Daw, representing himself as three buyers, orders several hundred houses. Wallingford gets \$125,000 cash from the rich quartet for his own present on the company's output and threatens injunction suits against the company for infringement of other patents.

The company breaks up, and Wallingford and Daw retain 525 portable houses. Wallingford blocks President Falls' railroad scheme and is bought off for \$125,000. Wallingford starts on another adventure, with his handy boy, Toad Jessup.

Wallingford buys stock in the Kimberly mine, promoted and operated by the Douglass brothers, and starts a big boom at Douglassville. Meanwhile one of the brothers is trying to sell Blackie Daw Kimberly stock in New York.

Big Bill Slammet is hooded down when he reveals before a Douglassville crowd Wallingford's part in Ciderburg. Wallingford sees how the Douglass brothers stonewall out of camp who apply for jobs and recognize the Douglass brothers as mine takers.

Wallingford hires the stoned men as a strong arm gang. He increases his popularity by giving a library to the mining camp. Blackie Daw in New York falls for some of the Kimberly mining stock.

Wallingford's paid job hunters even out past scores by cleaning up the Douglass brothers and their stoned arm leader. Wallingford steals off angry stockholders in the camp.

Wallingford and Blackie Daw ship the camp under fire, but clean up \$150,000 on houses and stock. Blackie Daw's adventure, they say, is the Dillon of the Dillon Department Store company.

Wallingford and Blackie Daw train Melissa Tripp as dancing star for "The Lemon's Gait." The show is to be given at the Avon theater.

Wallingford and Daw get interested in the event and Wallingford sees a way to bleed Dillon. Preparations for the show continue, much to the distress of the women over the amateurishness of Melissa Tripp.

The show proves a big hit through the efforts of Blackie Daw, who takes a principal part at a moment's notice.

Wallingford gets an option on the Avon theater, to clean up \$100,000 out of it by building up Dillon's show. Wallingford and Daw hear political burglars are planning to buy an old courthouse cheap and sell it for a beer garden site.

Wallingford arranges to buy the courthouse in for the grafters at a commission. Blackie Daw goes to church.

Blackie, enthusiastic over his reception at church, aids in raising a fund to buy the courthouse to erect the gang. Wallingford enters his bid.

Wallingford is awarded the courthouse and quickly transfers it to the church, thus doubling crossing the grafters and getting away with his commission. On a new money hunt he meets E. P. Steele, one of his dupes at Ciderburg.

Wallingford accepts \$5,000 from Steele and returns to Ciderburg to set the man up in an honest business despite the fact that Wallingford had done the town on the Bang Sun Engine scheme.

Wallingford perpetrates an advertising dodge on the city in behalf of Kreiger's department store and bleeds Kreiger's rivals, newspaper owners, for libel.

In search of new easy money Wallingford deposits \$5,000 in one of Prize City's banks and organizes among members of the Commercial club an amusement park company to buy Dad Thompson's farm.

Blackie Daw, as Wallingford's supposed rival, deposits \$100,000 in a rival bank and organizes a rival amusement park company.

CHAPTER XXII.

Money Talks.

BLACKIE DAW arrived on Saturday morning, took a gorgeous suit of rooms in the Hotel Blessus, spent a soulful half hour with a saxophone that he had taken a sudden notion to master, read the papers, ordered a bigger table for his sitting room, covered it with lunch, drinks and cigars and invited each of the local papers to send him a reporter.

"I'm a professional amusement park promoter," he explained when they were all together. "I came here to fill this town's summer full of shrieks of laughter and whoops of joy. I see by your clean and wholesome family journals that I'm a few days late for the party, so I'm going to give a party of my own. Who is this man Wallingford?"

Nobody knew.

"He's a grand little entertainer, though," opined chunky Jinks Woods of the Clarion, with a reminiscent smile. "The Commercial club is going to make him an honorary member for life."

"So I see," acknowledged Blackie Daw with fine contempt. "This Wallingford person comes in here and tells the first six funny stories in the Orator's Guide, tickles fifty business men under the chin and makes them give him \$30,000 worth of stock for coaxing them to spend \$120,000."

"Smooth work," admitted Jinks, who acted as spokesman for the party because he could eat, drink, smoke and talk at the same time, whereas the rest of them could not add the talking to their other duties. "My fat brother Ben says Wallingford's so smooth he doesn't see how he keeps his clothes from slipping off."

Blackie, with difficulty suppressed the suspicion of a twinkle in his eye. "There you are!" he triumphantly exclaimed. "Your brother Ben has him right. He's a smooth citizen. He has to have his shoes sandpapered, and yet

he cons the business men of the Commercial club into investment with him and he a perfect stranger! Your brother Ben is a smart man!"

"Don't get me wrong," hastily interposed Jinks Woods, dispensing with the top slice of bread on another chicken sandwich and substituting a slice of Swiss cheese. "Ben admires smoothness. He's figuring up his bank account today to find how much money he can spare. He wants to give it to Wallingford," and he laughed so infectious that Blackie wanted to stop and shake hands with him.

"The point of it is," persisted Blackie, "that he doesn't understand the amusement park business. Now, I know more about amusement parks than the man who invented Coney Island. I've ridden on more roller coasters and merry-go-rounds than any living human being. I not only want to promote this amusement park for business but for fun. I want to make the first parachute drop. You couldn't coax this mau Wallingford into a balloon with a six pound beefsteak. I don't believe he's on the level about this park, anyhow."

The peach faced youngster for the Tribune speared another olive and hastened to Wallingford's defense. "He has \$75,000 in the Broadway National," he stated, with cold dislike for any man who would question that final argument. "Jinks Woods, there, asked about it at the bank."

"Gentlemen, draw nigh," said Blackie Daw, with a sudden and entire change of manner. "Observe that I have no cuffs to deceive you," and he pushed up his sleeves as far as they would go, holding forth both long, slender hands and turning them about in the fashion of a prestidigitator. He picked up a little black bag from the floor and set it upon the corner of the table.

"Now, watch me closely," bellowed Blackie. "Be sure that your eyes do not deceive you, for the hand is quicker than the eye," and suddenly he whipped forth a \$1,000 bill, spread it upon the table and held it down with a lean forefinger, cocking his head, thrusting forth his chest, bowing his back and placing a fist upon his hip.

"Will you hold tight to that and let me feel the other end of it?" inquired Jinks Woods, disguising his real awe with a thin veil of mockery.

"Not yet," declaimed Blackie, waving him grandly away and suddenly pausing for a fleeting instant to grin gleefully into the eyes of each one of them in turn. They caught that spirit of eternal childhood and from that moment they understood him and were with him heart and soul. If he had an ulterior motive that they did not understand they were with that too.

"Now, count," and with a motion as regular as that of an earnest and sturdy washerwoman he dived into the bag with both hands, brought out another \$1,000 bill by its two ends and laid it upon the first one. "Two," he counted aloud, and then repeating the motion, "three, four, five, six. The deeper we go, gentlemen, the more the wonder grows. Seven, eight, nine, ten, each and every one an exact duplicate of its handsome little brother. Eleven, twelve! Watch my hands closely, gentlemen, to see that they do not deceive your eyes. Thirteen, fourteen, fifteen!"

"We're astonished," admitted Jinks Woods. "How many are there?"

"Sixteen, seventeen," resumed Blackie, with a friendly grin at Jinks, and he

"You are very lucky you did not fall into their clutches," avowed Mr. Crompers, who was given habitually to intemperance of the tongue. "They'll start anything over there, and in two weeks you never hear of the scheme again. There's no question that we do need a big amusement park here, but it's a pity that the project should have been taken up by men of the caliber it has. I understand that Mr. Wallingford is a very solid man, too, which makes it all the greater shame."

"He's no more solid than my friend, Daw," declared Jinks Woods. "Mr. Wallingford is not investing a penny in his amusement park scheme, whereas Mr. Daw has \$100,000 in cold cash, right in that little black grip. I've got a piece of it. This large fortune he will turn over to any treasurer you fellows appoint until the members of the Business Men's club raise an equal amount. That sounds like on the level talk to me."

Blackie Daw flourished his hand in the direction of Mr. Woods. "I have nothing more to say," he observed. "Here are some of the amusement features I propose to build, to keep Prize City's money at home. Here is my cash share in the proposed investment, and I don't ask to handle either my money or yours. I guess you don't need any arguments as to the need of such an institution. The arguments are all in this morning's papers, and they're good. It's only a question of financing it now and of who shall build your park."

"It's a question of the sort of men we get to represent such an enterprise," corrected Mr. Crompers.

Blackie Daw adroitly shoved before Mr. Crompers' eyes a small clipping from the Clarion. "Here are the gentlemen who are financing the other company," he advised.

Mr. Crompers read that list with snorts of indignation surpassing any which he had yet emitted. "Hammond, \$20,000; Lybarger, \$10,000, and here follows a whole host of little fellows, running down to sums as small as \$100! Why, it took nearly thirty members of the Commercial club to raise \$120,000 cash! I notice your brother's name down for \$1,000, Jinks."

"I didn't know he had that much," complained Jinks. "He's been holding out on the family. Anyhow, I'll bet he hasn't paid it in yet."

"That'll be the trouble with the whole Commercial club," eagerly seconded Crompers. "Well, I'll guarantee

to raise \$100,000 among not over ten subscribers. I'll take \$25,000 myself, and he again looked to make sure that Hammond had subscribed only \$20,000.

"You will find the subscription list on the little desk to the right as you enter the door," stated Blackie politely, and waved his hand in that direction.

Mr. Goodall, a brisk man with a wall eye, came in just then, full of indignation that Prize City's big amusement park was to be built by incompetents from the Commercial club and he subscribed \$1,000 more stock than Dan Blessus, who also ran a furniture factory.

Sam Harvey, a lumpy shoe dealer, who looked about as well from one angle as another, was pained that such a man as Lybarger should give any portion of amusement to the public and he set down his name for \$12,000 worth of stock.

"I'm only digging up live ones," Jinks confided to Blackie in a convenient moment. "I won't let a man up here who hasn't so much money his relatives hate him."

Blackie opened the little black grip and tore off the corner of another bill for his aid and ally.

"Thanks," accepted Jinks, with no trace of a grin. "I'll keep these till I get enough to make a whole one." And he hurried out to drag in those other members of the Business Men's club whom he knew to be the most profoundly bitter toward the Commercial club.

(Continued To-morrow)

"Just this," said Blackie briskly, dropping his banter immediately. "I heard of this man Wallingford's \$75,000 bank deposit, and I came prepared to call his bluff. He hasn't invested a cent of his \$75,000. He's letting the members of the Commercial club put up the money, and he's taking 20 per cent. I'll invest every dollar of this in a bona fide amusement park project if the real business men of this town will put up an equal amount. There's only room here for one enterprise of the sort and only one possible location, as I understand it. I'm after that enterprise and that location. Lead me to some live members, let them appoint a treasurer, and I'll pass him this pile of documents tied up in a pink corsage bouquet ribbon. Money talks. Do you hear it?"

Jinks Woods put his fingers to his ears. "Put it away so I can think," he directed. "It seems to me, Mr. Daw, that you and that pile of noise—say, won't you please put it away?—should be very interesting to the Business Men's club."

"Jinks Woods," declared Blackie, with deep emotion, "I shall have you as my sole companion on the first roller coaster ride."

"That's a gospel promise," claimed Jinks and shook hands most cordially on it. He was glad he had lived long enough to meet Blackie Daw. They were tickled with each other.

Later Jinks Woods interrupted Blackie's peaceful practice.

"I bought the Business Men's club for you with that corner of a \$1,000 bill you gave me and got some change back," Jinks telephoned. "Hurry right on over."

"Fine," said Blackie. "Wait just a minute. Listen to this." And, lifting his saxophone to the telephone, he played quite perfectly the gem upon which he had been practicing all morning.

"I thought I asked you to put that money away," protested Jinks. "Now it's getting loose."

"That's my saxophone," indignantly returned Blackie. "I was playing you a strain from 'Home, Sweet Home.'"

Jinks Woods met Blackie at the top of the club's stairs.

"Just make yourself at home," he invited. "I'll have half a dozen local patriots up here in ten minutes," and he hustled out.

Blackie took instant advantage of his opportunities. He opened his portfolio and took from it an amazing collection of water color sketches, colored lithographs, half tones and zinc etchings of amusement parks and amusement devices from everywhere. Birdseye views of Luna and Lost Dreamland vied for attention with crude newspaper sketches of the latest "switch-back" erected at Thank's Grove. These pictures he placed upon mantelshelves, window ledges, chairs and tables until roller coasters ambled all over the room. Every neck breaking, nerve racking, heart stopping device known to the world of pleasure was represented and in place, and Blackie was playing wheezy ragtime on the antique melodeon, when his firm friend Jinks ushered in near sighted Mr. Crompers, who was the city's leading stationer and bookseller. He said so himself.

"Mr. Crompers is the first man to seize upon any important public project in Prize City," Jinks stated. "He is president of the Business Men's club, which he founded, and was president of the Commercial club before this organization split off from that body."

"You are very lucky you did not fall into their clutches," avowed Mr. Crompers, who was given habitually to intemperance of the tongue. "They'll start anything over there, and in two weeks you never hear of the scheme again. There's no question that we do need a big amusement park here, but it's a pity that the project should have been taken up by men of the caliber it has. I understand that Mr. Wallingford is a very solid man, too, which makes it all the greater shame."

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(Continued To-morrow)

Between Love and Duty.

"I want to talk to you about becoming your son-in-law," said the young man. "I can't advise you on the subject of becoming a member of the family," replied the father of the young woman in the case. "As your sincere friend, I ought to speak freely, but as a husband and father I am restrained."

NOTICE

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

On Saturday, August 22nd, 1914, at 1:30, the undersigned by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County entered on the 13th day of July, 1914, will expose to public sale on the premises the following valuable real estate:—

A lot of ground situate in the borough of Gettysburg, Adams County, Pennsylvania, fronting on the North side of Chambersburg Street for a distance of thirty (30) feet, more or less, and running back to an alley North of and in the rear of said lot improved with a two and one-half story brick store and dwelling house by the well known Buehler's Drug Store and is suitable for merchandising or residence purposes. The property will be sold divested of the lien of all judgments and mortgages.

Terms of sale, twenty-five per cent (25) in cash or secured by note with approved security when the property is struck down, the balance of the purchase money to be payable in cash upon delivery of the deed.

Conditions will be announced at the sale, by

HARRIET J. BUEHLER, Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of L. M. Buehler, deceased, late of Gettysburg.

John D. Keith, Esq., Attorney.

Peach Baskets

Peach baskets, berry crates and berry cups for sale in any quantity at the Biglerville Cold Storage, Biglerville, Pa. If interested, call

D. A. Washinger, Biglerville, Pa.

Wash Day

Has no terrors for the wise housewife who conserves her energy and youth by using the

Easy Model B Washer

Thousands, many of Adams County, Pa., know of its value as a labor saver. Do you? If not, write today for our new folder "Easy Monday." A postal will do.

DAVID KNOUSS, Arendtsville, Pa.

NOTICE

The undersigned will receive bids for a two-story, four room, frame and case school building, to be built in the Borough of Arendtsville by December 1st. Plans and specifications may be examined upon application. All bids must be in by JULY 27TH, at 12 M.

By Order of Board, C. S. RICE, Secretary.

Medical Advertising

Nostrils And Head Stopped Up From Colds? Try My Catarrh Balm

CHURCH NOTICES

COLLEGE LUTHERAN

A. E. Wagner D. D., pastor, 9:45 a. m., Bible School, Edgar A. Crouse superintendent; 10:45 a. m., morning worship with sermon by the pastor. Theme: "The Irrepressible Conflict of the Soul." No evening service.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN

Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m., by Bishop. Hollinger, Marsh Creek Church: Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m., by Rev. B. F. Lightner.

ST. JOHN'S CHARGE

Dr. Granville and Prof. Charles H. Huber will conduct special services at the three churches of St. John's Charge near Littlestown, as follows: St. Luke's, 10 a. m.; Grace Church, Two Taverns, 2 p. m.; St. John's, 7:30 p. m. Everybody is invited to attend.

BIGLERVILLE LUTHERAN

Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 7; preaching at 8 p. m.

BENDER'S LUTHERAN

Preparatory service Saturday at 2 p. m.; Sunday School at 9; Communion at 10 a. m.

BIGLERVILLE U. B. CHARGE

Mr. Hope: Sunday School, 9:00; preaching, 10:00; reception of members and baptismal services 10:30. Mt. Carmel U. B.: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching, 2:30; Christian Endeavor, 7:30. Biglerville U. B. Sunday School, 9:00; Senior Christian Endeavor, 7:00; preaching and Holy Communion, 7:45. All invited. W. E. Canoles, pastor.

BENDERSVILLE LUTHERAN

Sunday School 9 a. m.; Christian Endeavor 7 p. m.; preaching service 7:45 p. m. Everybody welcome.

WENKSVILLE LUTHERAN

Sunday School 9 a. m.; preaching service, 10 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 7:30 p. m.

ARENDTSVILLE REFORMED

Sunday School at 9 a. m.; church service at 10 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

BIGLERVILLE REFORMED

Sunday School at 1 p. m. and church service at 2 p. m.

EAST BERLIN

East Berlin—John Tschop, of Chambersburg, and brother, Russell, of Philadelphia, have been the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Tschop, this week.

Miss Kathryn Zinn, a teacher in the correspondence school at Scranton, is enjoying a vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Zinn.

John R. Kuhn and daughters, Misses Evelyn and Julia, of Brooklyn, N. Y., arrived in town Friday evening to spend a month on his farms and visit among friends.

H. B. Wolf, an employee of the Bell Telephone Company, and family, of York, are spending the week with Mrs. Wolf's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Dicks, at Round Hill.

J. K. Hoffman and wife and R. L. Hoffman and wife attended the funeral of John Peffer, near Carlisle. He was the eldest brother of Mrs. J. K. Hoffman, this place.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Bubb, of Washington, D. C., are spending two weeks' vacation among their Adams and York county friends and over Sunday visited his mother, Mrs. Bubb and sister, Miss Ross.

Mrs. Zera Snyder and two daughters, Mary and Nettie, of Sterling, Colorado, are visiting her brother, Frank Lishey, and others near York Springs. She left Adams county 14 years ago.

Common Precursor of Cancer.

It is well proved that chronic ulcer of the stomach, gallstones, and many other irritative conditions of the gastro-intestinal tract are a direct cancer menace to a patient. Any swelling, any little growth like a wart, mole or tumor that suddenly or gradually begins to grow, and increases in size, should be removed by surgical means. The removal of chronic irritation, wherever it may be, is the only known preventive for cancer.

Home Influence.

Our home influence is not a passing but an abiding one, and all-powerful for good or evil, for peace or strife, for happiness or misery. Each separate home has been likened to a central sun around which revolves a happy and united band of warm loving hearts, acting, thinking, rejoicing and sorrowing together. Which member of the family group can say, "I have no influence?" What sorrow or what happiness lies in the power of each!—Selected.

Medical Advertising

Nostrils And Head Stopped Up From Colds? Try My Catarrh Balm

Instantly Clears Air Passages; You Breathe Freely; Dull Headache Goes; Nasty Catarrhal Discharge Stops.

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm

dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous droppings into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Having purchased the Registered and Imported brown German Coach Horse, "SIETO" No. 3625, from Gettysburg German Horse Company, he will make the season of 1914 at Meadow Valley Track in charge of Clayton Moxley, attendant, at a fee of \$10.00, payable when mare is known to be in foal.

Buttonwood Stock Farm Gettysburg, Pa.

FOUR COLTS FOR SALE

One Suckling Colt.
One Yearling "
One Two-year Old Colt.
One Four-year Old Horse.

These Colts are all sound and will make good horses. The four-year old is broken and a good worker.

John Weaver

Route 5, Gettysburg. 1 Mile East of Mammassburg

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

Wheat Per Bu. .75
Ear Corn82
Rye70
Oats46

RETAIL PRICES

Badger Dairy Feed Per 100 \$1.35
Hand Packed Bran 1.40
Corn and Oats Chop 1.50
Shoemaker Stock Food 1.50
White Middlings 1.65
Red Middlings 1.50
Timothy Hay90
Rye Chop 1.70
Baled Straw65
Plaster \$1.50 per ton
Cement \$1.40 per bbl.
Flour Per Bu. \$1.90
Western Flour 6.00
Wheat 1.90
Shelled Corn90
New Ear Corn90
New Oats55
Western Oats55

AMNESTY TO MAKE PEACE CERTAIN

U. S. Seeks Pledge to Protect
Clergy and Property

REPUDIATES HUERTA DEBTS

Carvajal Envoys to Carranza Are
Ready to Arrange Transfer of Gov-
ernment.

Washington, July 18.—The United States continued to exert its influence with General Carranza, "first chief" of the Constitutionalists, to bring about an immediate cessation of hostilities in Mexico, and an agreement with the Carranza government for the peaceful transfer of power at Mexico City to the Constitutionalists.

John R. Silliman, personal representative of President Wilson with Carranza, received further instructions from Secretary of State Bryan urging him to impress upon the "first chief" the advisability of giving guarantee for the protection of the lives and property of those who supported the Huerta government.

Besides endeavoring to obtain a general amnesty, representations in behalf of the clergy in Mexico, now in disfavor with the Constitutionalists, have been made by Mr. Silliman.

Jose Castillet, representative of Francisco Carranza, Huerta's successor as provisional president, was occupied sending dispatches to Carranza detailing the results of conferences with Secretary Bryan and the South American mediators.

Definite official advice came through Senor Castillet that the commission sent from Mexico City by Carranza to talk with Carranza was authorized to negotiate with him for the transfer of the government at Mexico City. It probably will be two or three days before the commission, on account of the interrupted communication, will be able to reach Carranza.

On the outcome of the conference and the assurances given by Carranza as to an amnesty and the adjustment of claims will depend whether recognition will be accorded Carranza by the United States at once or whether such action will be indefinitely delayed.

Looming up as an ultimate complication in the situation is the proposed repudiation by Carranza of the financial obligations incurred by the Huerta regime. Since that administration was recognized as legal by the powers of Europe, every effort will be exerted by them to maintain the validity of the claims of their subjects.

While Carranza has given notice of his intention to repudiate such debts, there is some confidence in diplomatic circles that he will not care to invite the disapproval of Europe at the very beginning of his administration, and it is suggested that an international commission to adjudicate such claims will be formed. The powers of Europe may withhold recognition until they receive definite assurances as to how such claims are to be treated.

Carranza has announced at Monterrey that he is willing to negotiate with the Federalists for peaceful transfer of power in Mexico City, but he insists upon unconditional surrender.

Members of the revolutionary junta in Washington expressed doubt as to whether Carranza would be willing to grant a general amnesty.

General Carranza's supposed objection to a general amnesty is said to be based upon the determination of the rebel chiefs to confiscate the property of the richest of their enemies.

The agreement recently reached at Torreon specifically promised an early distribution of land, and it was understood at the time that this land must come from the vast holdings of the old families, all of whom supported Huerta.

The crux of the situation, however, appeared to hang on the extent of the quarter Carranza might be willing to grant his fallen foes.

HAS 92 PER CENT DIVIDEND

Maryland Glass Company Makes Record Profit.

Cumberland, Md., July 18.—The Potomac Glass company, of this city, for the year just ended has shown a dividend of 92 per cent, a record rarely if ever, equaled by a corporation in the country.

The capital stock of the glass company is \$25,000, and the volume of business during the year amounted to \$160,000.

It is entirely co-operative, the stock being owned by about thirty men, nearly all employees of the concern.

The company employs about 300 men, girls and boys and pays high wages. The plant is busy day and night, and it has orders ahead to insure unceasing operation for more than a year.

Finds Verdict Too Big.

Chicago, July 18.—Judge Lockwood Honore set aside the \$20,000 verdict given to Miss Georgia Jay by a jury which heard her breach of promise suit against Homer Rodsheaver, the choirmaster for Evangelist "Billy" Sunday. In his decision the judge said the verdict was out of all proportion to the financial situation of the parties.

Woman and Forgiveness.

The only way to gain forgiveness from a woman is at once to offend again.—From "The Making of an Englishman," by W. L. George.

WHITMAN AND T. R.

Letter Held by Progressives
Big Issue In Campaign.



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Not only are the eyes of New York state turned on the approaching elections for governor, but the eyes of the nation likewise are wondering what will be the outcome. The result of the election in New York is an important omen, as the result of the next presidential election will be greatly affected. The dispute between Colonel Roosevelt and District Attorney Whitman, candidate for governor, is causing great interest. "That letter," said to have been inspired by Whitman, regarding the election, is an important factor. In this letter William Barnes and Charlie Murphy are denounced.

HUERTA SAFE AT PUERTO MEXICO

Ex-Dictator Was Guarded by
300 Soldiers.

Puerto Mexico, July 18.—General Victoriano Huerta, accompanied by Sir Lionel Carden and guarded by 300 of his faithful soldiers, arrived here after a leisurely journey from Tierra Blanca, in the state of Vera Cruz.

Precautions were taken against surprise by bodies of revolutionists who might have heard of Huerta's departure from Mexico City.

The most amazing episode of the flight from the capital was the sojourn of the former dictator at Tierra Blanca.

This town is the center of a district through which small bodies of Constitutional soldiers are constantly passing. Relying either upon the protection of the British ambassador or the prowess of his troops, Huerta passed the night there with no apparent concern for his safety.

General Huerta's failure to hasten his exit from the country was the cause of some worry to his wife, while Senora Blanquet, whose husband, for mer minister of war, is with his old chief, was frightened into a state of hysterics by the delay.

Huerta May Go to Jamaica.

Kington, Jamaica, July 18.—It is reported here that General Huerta late provisional president of Mexico and his wife and family are coming here on the warships on which they are reported to have embarked. They will sail from here for Europe.

Owes \$108,593; Assets Suit of Clothes. Trenton, N. J., July 18.—Anton Weidman, of Belleville, filed schedule in the United States bankruptcy court showing that he owed \$108,593. His asset is the suit of clothes he stood in court with.

MEN'S CLOTHES TO BE TIGHT NEXT WINTER.

Edict of Tailors Construed as Concession to Tango Craze.

Millions of Americans who buy their clothes ready made in the open market will appreciate the English, so far as fashions in men's wearing apparel go, during the coming fall and winter.

This important decree, from which only those who have their own tailors can appeal, was issued with all the force of an official pronouncement at the session of the National Association of Manufacturing Clothiers' Designers in Philadelphia.

As one initiate explained it, clothes will be tight to the form. The coat sleeves will be wide at the shoulders, and taper at the wrist. Waistcoats will be low, to give a chesty look to the wearer.

Americans will go abroad also for styles in overcoatings, for the approved outer garment will have a "French back." Millions who invested in spring overcoats of the Balmacran variety, however, need not worry, for that garment, which had a tremendous vogue all over the country, is to be boomed again on a bigger scale than before.

Eighty odd men whose skill in designing masculine raiment for the wholesale clothing makers of America is rewarded by salaries very considerably greater, as a rule, than the United States government pays Vice President Marshall and Secretary of State Bryan so decided in executive session. "Baggy" effects, long regarded popularly as a characteristic of Englishmen, are a thing of the past.

The "ready made" American will be a trim personage. His clothes will fit him snugly. Here are the styles, officially described:

Coats—On the English model, fitting the form closely, with soft roll fronts and slightly shorter than at present.

Trousers—Shapely and of medium width rather than tight.

Overcoats—Full shaped, of the double breasted button through effect, with a decidedly "French" back.

"Nothing could be further from the thoughts of American clothing manufacturers than an attempt to force freak clothes upon the market," said President John McMahon of Boston in explanation of the failure of the designers to lend their august approval to tango trousers. "Approved styles will be comfortable and sensible, as before."

Other delegates said the form fitting coat and medium width trousers might be construed as a concession to the tango craze in a sense. Many men are dressing with greater care than formerly because they have fallen victims to the dancing craze.

PARTING FROM EUROPE?

Or Perhaps We Are Getting Nearer. Scientists Study Problem.

Dr. Albrecht von Flotow of the Prussian geodetic survey has reached Far Rockaway, N. Y., in the course of an investigation which is intended to find out whether Europe and America are really getting closer together or sliding farther apart. A great many German scientists think that it is possible that something of the sort is going on, and several experts, of whom Dr. von Flotow is one, are trying to find out about it.

No one, however, need be awake at night worrying over the possibility of collision, for if the two continents are changing position it is probably at a rate no faster than a few inches every thousand years, and it may be thirty or forty or fifty years before the world will know whether the theory is really founded on fact.

Dr. von Flotow explained how the investigation was proceeding. Far Rockaway is one end of the Commercial Cable company's line to Germany. The other end is on the island of Borkum, off the Prussian coast, and there is an intermediate station at Horta, in the Azores. The investigators are going to try to judge the change, if any, in the position of the two continents by calculations of longitude, and Borkum and Far Rockaway are the spots whose exact longitude is to be taken.

Wife No. 2 refusing his request for a divorce, Baltimore man went to the cemetery and killed himself on the grave of wife No. 1.

Stung by bumblebees, New York doctor dropped the steering wheel and nearly killed himself when his automobile ran into a fence.

Andrew Miller, who regulates auto speeding for Secretary of State Mitchell May of New York, was himself fined \$25 for driving thirty miles an hour.

CALLS HUNGER A SENSATION

Scientist Has Analyzed Cause and Effect of "Gnawing" When Stomach Is Empty.

The most commonplace and familiar facts are often hard to explain. We see things happening constantly about us and yet never stop to consider whether we understand them or not. Hunger is an example.

Every one knows that if you go without food for six or eight hours you will feel a "gnawing" sensation in the pit of the stomach persistently demanding food. The cause of this has been often explained, but not satisfactorily, and as often contradicted.

Dr. William B. Cannon of the Harvard Medical school has just completed a series of experiments which have demonstrated the direct cause of the "gnawing" sensation. First of all he showed the distinction between appetite and hunger. Appetite is evoked by the odor of savory food or by partaking of bitters. It may continue long after actual hunger is entirely satiated.

Hunger is distinctly a sensation. It frequently is felt when the system is really over-supplied with food and conversely it may be appeased by a very small amount of food even though the system is emaciated.

If food is altogether withheld for an indefinite period the sensation of hunger disappears after the third day, and does not return again even though the patient dies by starvation. This is a relief to many persons, to feel that starvation, though dreadful and ghastly in its consequences, is not necessarily painful.

Dr. Cannon's X-ray experiments showed that under normal conditions when the stomach has been empty for a few hours it has a tendency to spasmodic contractions lasting for a minute or more with intervening periods of relaxation. And these periods of muscular action were shown to correspond exactly with the feeling of the sensation of hunger. The results of the experiment show plainly that mere emptiness of the stomach is not the direct cause of hunger, but that this muscular action is.

Suspension Bridge Is Shifted.

An important feat of unusual difficulty has just been performed by the department of bridges in shifting the cables of the Williamsburg bridge from supporting steel pins of ten inches in diameter, twenty-eight inches in length and one thousand pounds in weight to nickel steel bar of thirteen inches in diameter, forty and one-half inches in length and eighteen hundred pounds in weight—all with less than two hours' interruption to rail and vehicle traffic. This terminates a work of almost three years, by which the longest suspension bridge in the world has been rehung, with additional trusses, uprights and cross beams, exactly doubling its supporting strength. The changes became necessary through the new subway scheme of which the Williamsburg bridge is to be the central link. The span carries six tracks, two for subway or elevated and four for street cars.—New York Letter to the Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Vesuvius Still Hotter.

The temperature inside Mt. Vesuvius, which is unascertainable by ordinary thermometrical methods, has recently been measured in novel fashion by the Munich geologist, Storz, who descended the crater of the volcano for the purpose.

He dropped a thin wire cable with an iron weight at the end into the crater. Attached to the wire were metal cylinders made of lead, zinc and antimony, which melt respectively at temperatures of 626, 785 and 1,166 degrees Fahrenheit.

Having been let down into the mouth of the volcano, the lead melted at a depth of 33 feet, the zinc at 49 feet and the antimony at 175 feet 6 inches.

A yellow smoke vent inside the crater had a temperature of only 294 degrees in 1911, 627 degrees in 1912, and 782 degrees in 1913. From this fact it is concluded that a fresh outbreak of Vesuvius may be imminent.—New York Sun.

Strange Fate of a Gravedigger.

A gravedigger named James Hambleton was buried alive in a grave at St. Stephen's churchyard, Andershaw, Ashton-under-Lyne, the other day. He had been digging a grave and was getting out when he fell backward and a large portion of the sides collapsed upon him. A conductor on a passing train car who saw the man's legs in the air, ran to the spot and found the gravedigger buried, head foremost. The man had ceased to struggle and was dead when extricated.—London Times.

Laura Jean Libbey's Talks on Heart Topics

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WHY WOMEN ARE TEMPTED.

Their friendship is a lurking snare. Their smile but an idle breath. Their love is hate—their life is death.

It is always the fairest flower that has the least hardy stem. It is always the loveliest women whom temptation assails and whose heads are turned by flattery.



Some women are born more fascinating than others. They hear fulsome praise regarding themselves from the time they enter their teens. Such a girl is told by her folks that she exerts a great influence over each one with whom she is brought into contact. They imbue in her the thought that she is a love magnet which needs draw all hearts to her.

She generally marries early. If she is contented to settle down to domestic life, well and good. The coming of little ones may take up her attention, engage her love and devotion. It is the married beauty with no home ties save a husband upon whose hands time hangs heavily.

The wife who has no children to sew for usually employs much of her leisure time in making dainty clothes to adorn her own person. She doesn't make them to hang in a closet. She casts about for places to go where she can wear them; see and be seen. The friends such a woman chooses mar or make her life. They either turn her thoughts in a sensible groove or influence her to mirth and frivolity. In these jolly crowds men are wont to fling conventionalities to the winds. It's Cora, Flora, Daisy and Mame with them instead of according these women the dignity of their married names—Mrs. So-and-So!

Such familiarity has been known to lead, in a hilarious moment, to endearing phrases on the lips of men. She who listens to such flattering speeches is liable to have her head turned by the flattery, and the temptation to listen and believe gains control of her better judgment. The woman who realizes she is on dangerous ground should fly from temptation, not edge the closer to it. It is seldom a man makes love to a woman if he does not find her willing to listen.

If his first attempt at familiarity is rebuffed in a ladylike but decided manner, he will look elsewhere for a conquest. Eagerness to be thought society ladies is responsible often for the first step. The social climber gives little dinners. Wine and merriment are not lacking. If husband is busy, she thinks it no harm to accept other men's escort to theater or ball. She soon finds herself in a different circle of friends from that which welcomed her poor, plodding husband. The gulf between them widens. It is well for the married woman to remember that she should listen to praise and endearment only from the lips of her husband.

American Mythologists.

At the meeting of the New York Sons of the Revolution Professor Albert Bushnell Hart read a paper on "American Historical Liars." The phrase is professional, inurbane and harsh. "The truth of history is necessarily an illusion. A historian who tries his hardest to write a true story cannot do it. At the best, he has to select among documents, to form a theory of their comparative reliability. Anybody who has seen the utterly opposed stories told by honest witnesses in court, noticed how the simplest event is distorted as the tale of it passes from mouth to mouth, how difficult it is to trace, say, the movements of a single regiment in war, will bother his head mightily little about the veracity of historians. He will prefer a brilliant poet like Livy or Froide to the whole modern race of Records Office and copying clerk Dryasdusts. Take the best ten reporters or best ten members of the American Historical association and send them to a dinner or a dog fight. There will be at least ten histories of that feeding or fighting and none of 'em will be more than approximately true."

HAVE A LOOK!

AT WHAT A FEW HUNDRED
DOLLARS WILL BUY, IN A
GUARANTEED & RELIABLE
USED AUTOMOBILE.



RIGHT NOW we have on our sales floors many 1914 Cars, as well as hundreds of other models, affording an opportunity to buy a car to suit the most exacting requirements at a very attractive price.

Look over the following list, then call at our sales floors and we will show and demonstrate any car to you.

1914 OVERLAND Touring, electric starter and lights, practically new, bargain.	1914 CADILLAC Touring, practically new, splendidly equipped.
1914 HUP Touring, electrically equipped, tip-top condition.	1915 and 1916 FORD Touring cars and Roadsters, at low prices.
1914 BUICK Six Cylinder, Touring, used three months, splendid condition.	1917 PACKARD Six Touring, equipped.
1915 STUDEBAKER "35", Touring, electric starter, equipped.	1915 E. M. F. Touring.
1915 REAR Touring, equipped.	1915 PULLMAN Touring.
1914 CHALMERS Touring, tip-top condition, equipped, make offer.	1915 AMERICAN Roadster, 35 H. P., electric system, equipped.
1915 FORD Touring cars, equipped.	1915 CHALMERS Six Touring, electric lights, equipped, make offer.
1915 R. C. H. Roadster.	1915 STUDEBAKER Six, Touring.
1915 HUP Touring, like new.	1915 K. H. Touring, tip-top condition, equip.
1915 HUP "27" Roadster.	1915 BUICK Roadster, equipped.
1914 OAKLAND Six Touring, wire wheels, run only 2000 miles.	1915 STODDARD-DAYTON Touring, equipped.
1915 FLANDERS Touring, equipped.	1915 BURGDOLE Touring, equipped.
1915 MICHIGAN Touring, excellent condition.	1915 R. C. H. Touring.
1915 EVERITT Six Touring, good as new.	1915 MAXWELL Special Touring, equipped.
1915 HUDSON Six Touring, used very little.	1915 CHALMERS Roadster, like new, at a bargain.

Panel Delivery Wagons and Open Trucks, all sizes, from \$150 and up.
And Many Other Small Touring Cars and Runabouts, from \$175 and up.

Agents Wanted in All Cities to Handle Our Line of
Used Automobiles

Gorson's Automobile Exchange

238-240 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Send for Free Bargain Bulletin.

FESTIVAL

The Arendtsville Fire Company

Will Hold a Festival

Saturday evening, Aug. 8th

EVERYBODY INVITED

BIDS WANTED ON THREE DIFFERENT CONTRACTS

Masonry on brick work, carpentry for rough and finished work and mill work for Christ Luthern Church at Aspers. All bids to be sealed and delivered to the committee by July 24. Plans and specifications can be seen at the residence of H. C. Gulden.

The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Work on brick and carpentry to commence August 17. Mill work to be ready by August 24.

D. C. ASPER,
C. I. BLAIR,
H. C. GULDEN

Building Committee.

REFRIGERATORS

Why do without a Refrigerator and let your eatables spoil. We have them at all prices.

Porch Sets & Porch Shades

We have them in fumed and empire finish. Just the thing for a nice big porch.

H. B. Bender, The Homefurnisher

FOR SALE OR RENT

Army Duck Tents for Camping purposes.

Adams County Hardware Co.

Baltimore Street.

Gettysburg.

At last Father is beginning to appreciate his Hotel.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



G. W. Weaver & Son

...The Leaders...

The Annual July Clearance Sale

As advertised, has new additions of CUT PRICES almost every day in one department or another.

TODAY IT IS PARASOLS

A wide choice at an average of ONE-FOURTH off the price. : : :

We have never shown a handsomer line than this season, and this Cut Price gives an opportunity to add a fashionable shaped Parasol, right in using time, at a saving of ONE-FOURTH.

G. W. WEAVER & SON



Capt. J. T. Long

PAST
AND
PRESENT



Harry W. Long

Harry W. Long, Son of Captain James T. Long, deceased, for years Gettysburg's best Battlefield guide, is open for engagements to take parties over the field.

Headquarters 119 Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

RAWHOUSER PATENT [Tubular] Single & Double Trees

Are the strongest and lightest weight trees on the market. A reinforced "bridge" and "brace" makes them practically unbreakable.

We also handle the best PLOWS and DRILLS to be found.

FOR SALE AT
Hollinger's Produce

Reduction In Refrigerators

Because the season is well advanced and we have a number of Refrigerators still unsold

They are of the well-known

AUTOMATIC

Line, in convenient household sizes. At our show room on Center Square.

Call and see them and get prices.

Chas. S. Mumper & Co.

Stock Cattle For Sale!

For Sale at McKnightstown, One Load of Light Stock Steers, Weigh from 500 to 700 pounds. It will pay big for Farmers having the grass to buy Cattle now.

C. T. LOWER.

An Illusion Dispelled

By JOHN Y. LARNED

When my mother, a widow, died I was twelve years old and was adopted by a lifelong friend of hers, a Mrs. Auchincloss. There was something very romantic in this friendship which I could not understand, but I never saw Mrs. Auchincloss till after my mother's death. I remember when I went from my desolate home to that of my foster mother she said to me:

"Poor boy! I loved your mother, and I will love you for her sake."

Her little daughter, Della, stood by and said, "And I will be your sister."

As I grew older Mrs. Auchincloss kept her word, only it seemed to me that she loved me as much for myself as for my mother's sake. The day I became twenty-one she said to me:

"Frank, I wish you to marry Della." I had thought of Della as a sister and believed that she had regarded me as a brother. I was somewhat taken aback by this announcement but somehow it was not an unpleasant one.

"Why, I thought, Aunt Margaret"—I had always called Mrs. Auchincloss aunt, though there was no relationship whatever between us—"that Della was in love with Dan Gregory?"

"She thinks she is, but that is all nonsense. Dan Gregory is worthless and uninteresting, and Della will find it out some day. But I don't propose that she shall learn it as his wife. I prefer to marry her to please me, that later on she may be pleased herself."

"That's very complimentary to me," I said, taking Aunt Margaret in my arms and kissing her. "You have been so kind to me that I have no right to refuse you anything. I mean by this that it is not at all contrary to my inclination to marry Della, but I would prefer that she should love me instead of another man."

Agreeing to Aunt Margaret's request, I went to Della, told her of her mother's desire and said I should be happy to acquiesce. It was no news to Della, who had been informed of what was considered best for her. She told me that she would do everything she could in the matter, but she could not give me her heart since that had been given to another. To this I replied that she must be the judge as to whether she would marry me under the circumstances, for my obligation to her mother was such that I would not refuse her any request. But I also told her what I had told her mother—that I would be very happy in a marriage with her provided she would be happy to marry me.

This seemed to have some effect on Della—that is, in gaining her consent to the match. She had a good deal of character, so much, indeed, that I wondered how she could have given her heart to so shallow a chap as Gregory. She gave me a kiss to seal the betrothal, and although there was no great warmth in it, there was no lie.

As soon as we became engaged Mrs. Auchincloss seemed greatly relieved. When I proposed that Gregory's call on Della might better be discontinued her mother did not agree with me. The good lady seemed to be acting on the idea that the more Della saw of him the sooner she would find out how little there was in him. However, as soon as he learned that Della was engaged to me he ceased his calls of his own accord.

After our marriage, by Mrs. Auchincloss' advice, I let my wife alone so far as her disappointment in giving up her lover was concerned. Coming upon her suddenly one day, I found her reading over some of his letters with dimmed eyes. I made no complaint. In deed, I did not refer to the matter except to speak a word of sympathy. She seemed to be ashamed of her weakness and, putting her arms about my neck, kissed me. The next day I saw some unburned scraps of paper in the fireplace and knew they were Gregory's letters. This seemed to be a turning point in the matter, and in future, whatever may have been Della's feelings, I experienced no expression of them.

Eight years passed, Della and I lived in our home alone with our children, while Mrs. Auchincloss lived in another. Indeed, she refused to live with us from the day we were married. One day when I went home from business Della told me that her mother had telephoned a desire that we should dine with her that evening. We never thought of declining a request of any kind from the good lady and at the hour appointed appeared at her house.

We found Mrs. Auchincloss in the drawing room entertaining a man both arose as we entered, and our hostess introduced the man as Mr. Gregory. Della was a trifle put out and darted a look of reproach at her mother for inviting her to meet her old lover. But the old lady's reason for doing so was soon apparent. Gregory had deteriorated. He was the same man as eight years ago, but the Gregory that Della had looked upon through the romance of nineteen had been replaced by an unrefined, rather disagreeable looking man whose head was as empty as a pumpkin shell.

Poor Della! I pitied her having to sit opposite this faded dream through a course dinner. Soon after it was finished she pleaded a headache, and we went home. I didn't blame her mother for bringing her and Gregory together. She simply wished to kill any germs of absurd romance that might be left in my wife.

Her Idea of Lawyers.

"I am not guilty. If I had been, I should have engaged a lawyer!" was the observation of a woman summoned before the Darlington (England) bench.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On Saturday, the 8th day of August, 1914, the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Melchior Slinghoff, late of Mt. Pleasant Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania, deceased, by virtue of authority invested in them by the Will of the said decedent, will sell the following described real estate:

A tract of land situate in Mt. Pleasant Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Jonas Rebert, Mrs. Theodore Biddle, Joseph Sheely, containing one hundred twenty-four acres, more or less, improved with a two story frame house weather-boarded, with back-kitchen attached, bank barn, wagon-shed, hog-pen, implement shed and all other necessary out-buildings, with well of water at house and well of water at barn, and a wind-mill with reservoir. These buildings are all in good repair. This farm is composed entirely of arable land and under good fencing and having thereon about twenty-four acres of good white-oak and hickory timber.

It is located along the road leading from White Hall to Two Taverns, about one-half mile from the former place. It is conveniently located as to churches, schools, store, etc.

Sale to commence at 1:30 P. M. on the premises, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CHARLES H. SLINGHOFF
MILTON SNYDER
Executors.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY ALSO FOR SALE.

Also on SATURDAY, the 8th day of AUGUST, 1914, the undersigned, will sell the following described lot of ground:

A lot of ground situate in White Hall, Adams County, Pennsylvania, fronting on the Main Road leading from Gettysburg to Littlestown, adjoining lands of J. S. Sheely, Mrs. Loser and running back to a Public road, containing two acres and sixty-six perches, improved with a two story frame house, stable, hog-pen and other necessary out buildings. These buildings are in good condition, has a well of water on the lot.

Sale to commence at three o'clock P. M. on the premises, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

REBECCA SLINGHOFF.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

On Tuesday August 18th, 1914, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises the following valuable real estate, to wit:—

No. 1. The George Funt Farm in Tyrone Township, Adams County, Penna., along the Gettysburg and Harrisburg road, about one-fourth mile South of Heidlersburg, adjoining lands of Capt. David Stuart, Charles Wagner, Levi Stallsmith, Elmer Yeats, and others, containing 72 acres and 154 perches more or less, improved with a two-story weather-board dwelling house, bank barn, chicken house, hog pen and necessary out buildings, two good wells of water, shade and fruit trees.

This property is nicely located and convenient to schools, church and markets. The land is in a good state of cultivation and this is a most desirable property.

No. 2. A tract of timber land along the said Gettysburg and Harrisburg road, near Heidlersburg, about 100 yds. from Tract No. 1, adjoining lands of George Bowers, Capt. David Stuart, George Wortz, and others, containing about 8 acres of oak and hickory timber.

Terms of sale: 25 per cent, cash, or secured by note with approved security, and the balance April 1st, 1915, purchaser to have vendor's share of Fall crops. Sale to begin at one o'clock P. M. when further terms will be made known by

JOHN R. FUNT,
Atty-in-Fact for heirs of Geo. Funt, deceased.
J. R. Thompson, Auctioneer.
William Hersh, Esq.,
Attorney for heirs.

AUTOMOBILES MUST STOP

When tires and tubes go bad. But in all cases they are not worthless even though you can stick your head through the hole, they can be repaired to wear out the balance of the tire and tubes. A trial will merit continued patronage, satisfaction guaranteed.

GETTYSBURG AUTO. TIRE REPAIR SHOP

C. A. Stoner, Prop.
United Phone 117X. 24 W High St.

WATERMELON MARKET

I will have on hand constantly, Beginning SATURDAY, a supply of fine fresh watermelons at the room on York Street formerly occupied by the Post Office. On SATURDAY and MONDAY at the Philadelphia and Reading Station. Other Cars will be received regularly at that place. Also potatoes and other vegetables.

Will ship or deliver anywhere.

Harry Weiner

Both Phones.

No Words are More Eloquent

Than the simple facts of the GREATEST CLEARANCE SALE EVER HELD BY THIS STORE in which every fancy summer suit in this fine stock is at your choice at twenty per cent. off on the dollar. Our finest

Schloss Baltimore Suits Included

Boy's wash suits 38 cents; men's dress shirts, full sizes, 43 cents; men's underwear made in B. V. D. styles, 21 cents. Ten per cent. reductions on all our

Low Shoes

Ralston's included. Tennis Shoes, 48 cents.

Light Weight Coats

Of Mohair, Alpaca and Serge for Summer Wear.

O. H. Lestz,

COR. SQUARE & CARLISLE ST.

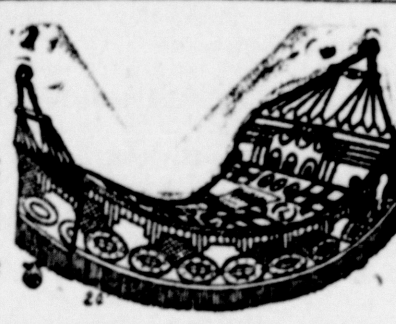
GETTYSBURG PA.

Chautauqua :- SPECIALS

Big Reductions on a lot of goods arranged especially for Chautauqua Visitors.

25 per cent off on HAMMOCKS

We have a nice lot of hammocks, all strong and durable. Now is the time to buy a good one cheap.



25 per cent. Off on all Glassware

Many useful and necessary articles in the lot.

20 per cent. Off on all Agateware

We have a full line. All sizes of kettles, coffee pots, pans, basins, etc.

Picnic Goods

Drinking Cups. We have the sanitary folding cups and the aluminum tourist cups, 5c and 10c each.

Picnic plates, paper lunch sets, automobile lunch sets, waxed paper for sandwiches, or bread or other articles. In 5c and 10c packages.

We have a fine lot of Teas for Iced Tea. Try Chase & Sanborn's, Tetley's or Lipton's.

Welch's grape juice, olives, meats, baked beans, pickles, Sweitzer cheese, pimientos, cakes, crackers, etc.

Dominion Fly Spray

Exclusively for protecting cows and horses from flies and insects of every kind. Its use increases milk production in fly time, gives the cows comfort and saves a useless waste. Prices in quarts 35c, in half-gallons 50c in gallons 75c.

25% Premiums are a bigger discount than we could pay you in cash. They are better goods than you could buy for the same money.

Gettysburg Department Store

English as She Spoke.

"Have you anything that will cure corns?" asked the customer in the drug store. "What seems to be the matter with your corns?" asked the polite clerk, who was something of a purist.—New York Times.

Useful Men.

Only to find our duty certainly, and somewhere, somehow, to do it faithfully, makes us good, strong, happy, and useful men, and tunes our lives into some feeble echo of the life of God.—Phillips Brooks.